The North Carolinian.

A Daily Democratic, White Man's Newspaper.

NEW SERIES. RALEIGH, THURSDAY, JANUARY 30, 1868. VOL. I., No. 1.

The North Carolinian.

A DAILY DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER,

Conducted on the principle that this is a white man's government, and must be controlled by white men.

THOS. J. LEE, Business Manager.

THE DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN is mailed to subscribers at Eight Dollars a Year—Four Dollars for Six Months.

THE WEEKLY NORTH CAROLINIAN, the largest paper in the State, is published at the low price of Three Dollars a Year—Two Dollars for Six Months.

The name of no subscriber will be entered on our books unless the cash accompanies the order, and the paper is invariably discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for.

Raleigh, Thursday, January 30, 1868.

Greeley on the Church of Rome

The schoolmarms and Bureaucrats, by their next friend, the ex Fourierite editor of the *Tribune*, are beating the good old "No Popery" drum against the honest Catholic priests who are devoting themselves to the work of civilizing the Southern blacks. That the Southern blacks need civilizing it ill becomes the schoolmarms and the *Tribune* to deny. After denouncing slavery for thirty years as the "sum of human villanies," these apostles can hardly, with a good face, turn about now and proclaim the heirs of slavery, its word and outcome, to be ideal men. But the schoolmarms and the *Tribune* object to Catholic civilization. They prefer the civilization of the Boston mob who burned the Ursuline Convent at Charlestown, and drove the helpless women out of their home into the midnight and the snow, to the civilization of the Sisters of Mercy, whose sweet faces and whose gentle hands smoothed the pillows of dying men in a hundred camps during the war, while the *Tribune* and the schoolmarms were crying for blood and making light of slaughter. They insist upon subjecting the negroes to the blessed light of that Puritan spirit which sold the children of King Philip into slavery in Barbadoes two centuries ago, and which moves the gentle Thaddeus Stevens to-day to desire the consignment of all his white countrymen south of the Potomac "to the penitentiary of hell."

We are no partisans, either of Rome or of Geneva, either of Canterbury or of Andover.—But when we read the malignant and brutal attacks of the *Tribune* on the Catholic clergy at the South, we are forced to remember how poor a thing is this or that creed of faith in comparison with the charity which thinketh no evil and which doeth all possible good. The minister of the gospel at the South, according to the *Tribune's* standard, should be a political emissary; a demagogue more anxious to secure the votes than to save the souls of his poor, black sheep; a bigot more eager to train a hundred ignorant minds into the unreflecting reiteration of a catechism of partisan cant, than to soothe the incipient hostility of race against race, or inculcate patience and obedience to law upon beings newly emancipated from the stress of involuntary toil.

It would be unjust even to the majority of those of the Northern clergy who have sympathized with the *Tribune* during the late war to charge upon them the intolerant and essentially unholy temper displayed by that journal. The truth is that to the *Tribune* the Northern Church is like the National Constitution—a mere party convenience. The *Tribune* for years was conspicuous for its contempt of things held sacred by the God-fearing people of the North and West. It has always been the refuge of the atheism, the socialism, the riotous and irregular mental heats and spiritual fevers of the North. It has been a real Cave of Adullum to the intellectual and moral bankrupts, desperadoes and debauchees of two continents. This we say not by way of vituperation, but by way of description. Of course when such a journal takes to patronizing Protestantism, it is only that Protestantism may be perverted into a political engine. It would patronize the Pope in just the same way, if the Pope could be induced to issue a bull making it an article of faith to believe that Edwin M. Stanton ought to be Secretary of War, or Salmon P. Chase President of the United States.—*N. Y. World.*

The Force of Imagination.

Late one evening, a couple of Irishmen stopped at a country inn, in their native land, and asked for lodgings. The porter escorted them to the door of their room; but just as the travelers entered it, the candle was suddenly extinguished by the wind from the door as it closed behind them. The porter had already returned to the bar-room, and after vainly groping on the mantelpiece in search of matches, the travellers resolved to go to bed in dark. In the middle of the night one of the men awoke, and after shaking his comrade to arouse him, said: 'Terence, I'm as wake as a vaccinated kitten, for the want of air. Get up and open the window. The room is as close as a patent coffin, and I'll die if ye don't give me air.'

Terence arose, groped around the room for a few minutes, and then said: 'I've found the window, but bad luck to me if I can budge it. I can't move it aither up or down.'

'Then knock a couple o'panes out wid yer shoe, we'll pay for them in the mornin',' said the sick man.

Terence did as directed. After two crashes were heard by the man in the bed he seemed to recover, for he remarked:

'Oh, that fresh air is invigoratin'. I feel better already. Out wid a couple more panes. Glass is chape, an' the landlord won't be angry whim we're willin' to pay for thim.'

Terence's stout brogue soon shattered the few remaining panes, and the weak man recovered his strength so soon thereafter, that in ten minutes more he was enjoying his slumbers, undisturbed by the snores of his companion, who had also expressed himself refreshed by the current of fresh air admitted through the broken glass.

Considerable time elapsed, and at length the travelers awoke. For thirty minutes they lay in bed conversing wondering why they could not sleep.

'Surely it must be near mornin', for I don't feel a bit sleepy,' said Terence.

'Morning'!' echoed the other. 'By the morthial, but it appears to me that it's perpetual night in this part iv the world.'

In a few moments more they heard a knock at the door, and the travellers asked what was wanted.

'It's twelve o'clock!' answered the porter, opening the door, and entering the room with a candle in his hand. 'Aren't ye going to get up at all, at all?

'Only twelve o'clock?' exclaimed Terence, 'Why, I thought it must be at least five. What d'ye main be rousin' us in the middle iv the night? Do the people in these parts get up at midnight?'

'No, but they get up at breakfast time.'

'Thin why didn't ye wait till breakfast time before ye disturbed us?'

'Because it's hours after breakfast time now—in fact, it's just the dinner hour!'

Get out or I'll throw me brogue at ye. What a barefaced liar ye must be to say it's dinner time before it's daylight! The candle in yer hand makes a liar iv ye!

'Ha! ha! ha! and the porter chuckled with the exuberance of delight. 'No wonder ye think it isn't daylight, for there's no window in this room to let in lighs.'

'Thin what did I break last night?' Terence asked, looking around the room in astonishment. His eyes at last alighted on a bookcase, the glass doors of which presented a dilapidated appearance. 'Be the powers, Jerry,' he added, addressing his comrade, 'whin I thought I was smashing the windy, I was only breakin' the glass in that bookcase. But it did ye a power iv good, Jerry, for ye said that ye felt the fresh air revivin' ye!'

NORFOLK.

IMPORTANT TO COTTON PLANTERS!

Get the best. The UNIVERSAL COTTON GIN AND CONDENSER,—Horace L. Emery's Patent. Manufactured exclusively by

HORACE L. EMERY & SON,

Albany Agricultural Works, Albany, N. Y.

☞ Send for a Circular.

WARREN & WOODHOUSE, AGENTS,

Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store,

No. 8 ROANOKE SQUARE, NORFOLK, VA.

Proprietors and Manufacturers of Warren's celebrated

COMBINED COTTON, CORN, TOBACCO and VEGETABLE PLOW,

IRON TURNER PLOW AND SCRAPER,

PATENTED JUNE 18TH, 1867.

This is the greatest labor saving implement, for its cost, yet offered to the planter.

Agents for Bickford & Huffman's world renowned WHEAT DRILL, with GUANO AND GRASS SEED ATTACHMENT, and for F. F. SMITH'S Patent Cast CAST STEEL PLOW.

For circulars or information, address

WARREN & WOODHOUSE,

to Aug. 24 Norfolk, Va.

J. D. GALE,

Importer and Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Guns and Pistols, Wagon Material, Iron, &c.

No. 17 EAST SIDE MARKET SQUARE,

NORFOLK, VA.

Having purchased of Messrs. F. J. GRIFFITH & CO., their entire stock of Hardware, Cutlery, &c., and adding thereto by recent purchases from first hands, I beg leave to inform my friends and the public generally, that I am now prepared to fill their order on as reasonable terms as any other house in the city, and solicit a share of their patronage.

☞ GIVE ME A CALL.

J. D. GALE,

No. 17 East Side Market Square,

Sign of the Pad-Lock, Norfolk, Va.

The undersigned have this day sold to Mr. Jas. D. Gale, their stock of Hardware, Cutlery, &c., at No. 17 East Side Market Square. In retiring from the retail trade, they return hearty thanks to their friends for the substantial evidences of their good will, and ask for their successor the same kind consideration and regard.

E. J. GRIFFITH & CO.

to Aug. 24.

LATEST NEWS TO THE FARMERS OF North Carolina.

Your attention is called to my large stock of Agricultural Implements, Iron Steel, &c., &c.

Corn and Cotton Planters, Corn Shellers, Hay, Shuck and Corn Stalk Cutters, Fan Mills, Plows, of every kind, Harrows and Cultivators, Spades, Shovels Forks, Brier Hooks, Iron Axles, Springs, Cart & Wagon Boxes, &c.

I call particular attention to BILLUP'S CENTREBOARD COTTON SCRAPER, and to BILLUP'S DIXIE PLOW. The first is warranted to be the best Scraper ever yet invented, and the Farmers are requested to test its merits in connection with any other kind. The Dixie Plow is freer from choking than any other yet made; will pass through the ground with less power, and do better work than any other kind. This is no vain boast. 'Tis easy to claim superiority; hence I ask a trial.

If Farmers are not satisfied, the money will be refunded.

C. BILLUPS.

Agricultural Implements, Seed, Iron and Steel Warehouse No. 11 W. Water Street, Norfolk.

Jan. 30-tf.

BOOTS AND SHOES AT WHOLESALE!

We would respectfully inform the Merchants of North Carolina that we have just received from Manufacturers' hands, our second Fall Stock of BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, HATS, &c.

Our stock is again complete in every respect, and we guarantee to furnish all goods in our line at New York wholesale prices.

W. H. TURNER, T. BOTTIMORE, W. C. MARROW, JR., } W. H. TURNER & CO. Norfolk, Va.

REMOVAL.—In order to accommodate the increasing demand upon us for Boots and Shoes, we shall, on or about the 15th of December next, remove to our large and commodious Iron Front Warehouse, Atlantic Block, Main Street.

W. H. TURNER & CO.

Jan. 30, tf.

W. R. HUDGINS,

Importer and Dealer in English, German and American Hardware, Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Spades, Shovels, Forks, Nails, Spikes, Bellows, Anvils, Vises, House-Furnishing and Builders' Hardware.

Agent for the sale of Circular, Cross-Cut and Pit Saws, Machine Belting and Packing.

Also for the best Edge Tool Factory in the country.

No. 11 MARKET SQUARE, Norfolk, Va.

to Aug. 21

JOHN B. NEAL & CO.,

Cotton Factors and General Commission Merchants, Norfolk, Va.

Refer to R. H. Smith, Esq., Scotland Neck; Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte; O. G. Parsley & Co., E. Murray & Co., Wilmington; Gen. R. W. Hayward, Raleigh; Gen. Wade Hampton, South Carolina; Col. John W. Cunningham, Person county; Turner Battle, Esq., Edgecombe; Exchange National Bank of Norfolk; Geo. H. Brown & Co., Washington.

JNO. B. NEAL, OF N. C. JNO. WHITE, OF N. C.

Jan 30—tf.

J. G. WOMBLE & CO.,

Importers of and Dealers in Hardware, Cutlery, Axes, Edge Tools, Cross and Circular Saws, Gum Belting, Gum and Hemp Packing, Anvils, Bellows, Vises, &c., No. 2 Commercial Row, near Ferry, Norfolk, Va.

to Aug 21.

NOAH, WALKER & CO.,

Manufacturers and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods, No. 21 Main Street, Norfolk, Va.

Clothing and Shirts made to order. All goods warranted as represented.

to April 17.

C. SCHWARZKOPF,

Importer and Dealer in German, French, English and Domestic Fancy Goods, No. 55 Main Street, Norfolk, Va. Combs, Brushes, Fans, Jewelry, Perfumery and Toys. Zephyr Worsted, Trimmings, Gimps, Fringes, Buttons, Hosiery, &c., &c.

Piano Fortes, of the best manufactories, always on hand.

to Aug 24.

NORFOLK.

TAYLOR, MARTIN & CO.,

Dealers in Hardware, Cutlery, Bar Iron and Steel, Wagon Material, Belting and Packing, House Furnishing Goods, &c., Circular Front, Corner of Main Street and Market Square, Norfolk, Va.

Nails at Factory prices, Trace Chains, Weed, Hilling and Grub Hoes, Horse Collars and Hames, Axes, Saws, &c., &c.

The trade supplied at Northern prices.

to Feb 27.

WILLIAM LAMB,

General Commission Merchant, Norfolk, Va.

Will sell Cotton and other Southern Produce in Norfolk, or Liverpool, England.

Liberal advances made on consignments.

to Feb 27.

CHEEK, CAPEHART & CO.,

Grocers and Commission Merchants, No. 35 Commerce Street, Norfolk, Va.

A supply of Pure Peruvian Guano and other Fertilizers, Rope, Bagging, Groceries and Liquors, kept constantly on hand.

W. H. CHEEK.
W. E. CAPEHART.
C. CAPEHART.

to May 24.

F. W. SEABURY'S SONS,

19 Market Square, Norfolk, Va.

Established 1837. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Gaiters, Trunks, Valises and Bags.

Prices moderate.

☞ Goods Direct from Manufacturers.

to Aug 24.

BERKLEY, MILLAR & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in Dry Goods and Notions, 16 West Main Street, next to Exchange National Bank, Norfolk, Va.

L. BERKLEY.
W. M. MILLAR.
J. W. GRANDY.
to May 24. Formerly of N. C.

DAVIS & BROTHER,

Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Liquors, and Agents for Carolina Belle Scotch Snuff, and various grades of Virginia Manufactured Tobacco.

Keep constantly on hand a full stock of Sugar and Coffee, Flour, Lard, Bacon, Candles, Family and Fancy Soaps, Cheese, Butter, Fish, Pork, Salt, Candy, Buckets, Brooms, Shot, Powder, and many other articles, to complete the assortment usually found in a Jobbing Grocery House.

Any consignment will have especial attention.

No. 24 Roanoke Dock, Norfolk, Va.

to April 17.

A. WRENN,

Manufacturer and Dealer in Carriages, Harness and Saddlery, No. 13 Union Street, Norfolk Va.

We keep constantly on hand a large number of Carriages, Rockaways, Buggies, Sulkies, etc.

We will sell open Buggies from $145 to $225. Top Buggies from $210 to $325. Rockaways from $165 to $300.

Our stock of Carriage Material is likewise very large and complete, such as Springs, Axels, Spokes, Hubs, Shafts, Bolts, Bands, Trimmings, &c., &c., all of which will be sold at prices that cannot fail to please, and to which we particularly invite the attention of country dealers. We respectfully invite an examination of our stock.

to March 16.

DRUG WAREHOUSE.

M. A. & C. A. Santos, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Paints, Oils, Glass Ware, &c., Norfolk, Va.

Wholesale agents for Lorillard's Snuffs.

to Aug 24

D. W. Hill, No. 5, Campbell's Wharf, Norfolk, Va., Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Stoves, Tin Ware, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware, Lamps, Lanterns, Lamp Chimneys, &c.

Bath Tubs and Toilet Sets manufactured to order.

Guttering and Roofing done cheaper than any house in the City. to Oct 5

NORFOLK STEAM REFINED CANDY Manufactory. Established 1837.

C. Jordan & Son, Wholesale Confectioners.

Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts, Pickles, Segars, &c., and proprietors of Jordan's Vegetable Cough Candy.

Store, 77 E. Main st., Factory, 58 S. Church street, Norfolk, Va. to Oct 5

ESTABLISHED 1847.

C. F. Greenwood & Bro., Watchmakers and Jewellers. Dealers in Fine Gold and Silver Watches, Diamonds, Pearl and other Rich Jewelry, Solid Silver and Plated Ware, Spectacles, Clocks and Fancy Goods,

No 27 Main Street, Norfolk, Va.

N. B.—Watches and Jewelry repaired by the most skillful workmen, and warranted.

C. F. GREENWOOD,
to Aug 25 FRED. GREENWOOD.

ESTABLISHED 1851.

Kader Biggs & Co., Cotton Factors and General Commission Merchants, Norfolk, Va.

Special and entire attention to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of Produce, and prompt returns made. Our long experience in business gives us superior advantage in making sales at the highest market prices.

Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commissions. Liberal advances made on produce in hand.

KADER BIGGS,
JOS. J. BIGGS.

ATLANTIC IRON WORKS AND DOCK COMPANY.

OFFICE:—Corner East Wide Water and Hutchin's Lane.

Works in the City:—East Wide Water and Main Street.

Works and Dock:—Adjoining the city, on the Elizabeth river, near Fort Norfolk.

Have on hand and manufacture to order, at short notice, Marine Engines and Boilers, Stationary and Portable Engines, Saw, Grist and other Mills, Dredging Machines, Pile Driving Machines, Hoisting Engines, &c., and Tanks of every variety. Iron Hulls of Steamers, barges and boats built to order.

Especial attention paid to repairs of Steamers. Where the vessels are brought to the wharves of the Company, no charge will be made for wharvage while the vessels are undergoing repairs.

Agricultural Castings for Store Fronts, Lintals, Columns and Miscellaneous Castings of every description made at short notice.

No charge for patterns when the Company have them on hand.

Forgings of heavy and light work executed in the most reliable manner at low rates, by the pound or day's work. Blast driven by steam.

Highest cash price paid for old metal.

H. ASHTON RAMSAY,
to Ap'l 17 Treasurer and Superintendent.

NORFOLK.

FURNITURE,

CARPETINGS, PAPER-HANGINGS,

CHAIRS, BEDDING,

OIL CLOTH, MATTINGS, RUGS,

WINDOW SHADES, CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES,

S. A. STEVENS,

JOHNSON'S HALL,

MAIN STREET, NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

We call special attention to our Fine Stock of

PAPER-HANGINGS,

CORNICES AND CURTAIN GOODS.

Our stock of the above goods is one of the most

COMPLETE AND EXTENSIVE

South of New York. It embraces all grades and the most

RECENT STYLES.

Our prices are as low as can be purchased North, and we most respectfully solicit a call. We hold out extra inducements to Country Merchants, and we can fill orders on the most accommodating terms.

OUR CARPET AND OIL CLOTH DEPARTMENT

is on the lower floor—our store being 30 feet wide and 175 feet deep, and our stock comprises all grades of goods in this line, from the very cheapest Domestic to the very finest Brussels or Velvet Carpeting. We can offer especial inducements to Merchants—we will sell Carpets, Oil Cloths, &c., as low as any house in the country. We have our goods manufactured especially for us with particular regard to the style and quality best suited to our trade.

Our stock of

FLOOR AND TABLE OIL CLOTH

is the finest in this State. We have constantly on hand all widths, from 18 inches wide to 24 feet wide.

OUR FURNITURE WARE-ROOMS

are on the second floor. Our main room is the Hall, which is the handsomest and largest exhibition room in the South. It is 150 feet long by 60 feet wide. There we display the greatest variety of Household Furniture to be found South of Philadelphia, and we guarantee to compete in price, style and quality of work with any house in the country.

We call especial notice to our

PAPER-HANGING AND WINDOW SHADE

DEPARTMENT.

We are constantly in receipt of all the newest designs of both Foreign and Domestic Papers.

BORDERS AND FIRE SCREENS, SHADES,

constantly on hand and made to order.

Our facilities for business are unsurpassed by any house, either North or South, and we invite the attention of housekeepers and the trade to our establishment, as we feel confident they will not fail to satisfy themselves that the above goods can be purchased on as favorable terms as at the North.

Very Respectfully,

S. A. STEVENS,

Johnson's Hall, Main St., Norfolk, Va.

to July 24.

TO THE MERCHANTS OF NORTH CAROLINA. We have completed our Stock of China, Glass and Queensware for the Fall Trade, and are now ready to offer inducements to the Merchants of North Carolina to buy their supplies in Norfolk. We are prepared to sell as low as similar goods can be bought in any market North of us, thereby saving the cost of freight, and avoiding the risk of breakage by frequent handling. We invite the trade to call and see us.

MARTIN & ROGERS,

Importers and Dealers in China, Glass and Queensware, No. 37 Market Square, Norfolk, Va.

tf

NORFOLK.

PIANO FORTE AGENCY.

WILSON & WALKE,

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,

No. 1 MAIN STREET,

NORFOLK, VA.,

BEG to inform their friends in town and country, and the public, that they are now prepared to execute orders for the following first-class manufacturers, the Agency of all of which they have secured, viz:

Steinway & Sons, New York,
Knabe & Co., Baltimore,
H. F. Miller, Boston,
Grovesteen & Co., New York

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANO FORTES.

A supply of each of which will always be kept on hand and offered at manufacturers' prices.

The acknowledged reputation of these instruments—being of superior quality—renders unnecessary comment, and our guarantee—which accompanies each Piano—with our large and varied stock to select from, affords unusual advantages to persons in want of a first class instrument. In store and expected

FOUR SPLENDID INSTRUMENTS.

Second-hand Pianos bought, sold and exchanged for new ones. Pianos tuned and repaired by experienced workmen.

Circulars and Catalogues of the above Pianos sent postpaid on application.

WILSON & WALKE.

to Aug 24

J. D. REED, (AGENT.)

Practical Hatter, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Hats, Caps, Straw Goods, Umbrellas, Canes, &c., No. 18 Main Street, Norfolk, Va.

to April 10.

J. M. FREEMAN,

Watchmaker and Jeweler, No. 29 Main Street, Corner of Talbot, Norfolk, Va. Constantly on hand a full assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware, &c.

to Aug 18.

C. SCHWARZKOPF,

Importer and Dealer in French China, Crockery and Glass-Ware, No. 55 Main Street, Norfolk, Virginia.

to Aug 24.

WALTER'S NATIONAL HOTEL,

NORFOLK, VA.

J. M. WALTERS, Proprietor.

To August 28.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BRANSON & JONES,

Successors to Branson, Farrar & Co., continue the Book Business at the same stand, near Tucker's Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of Books and Stationery, at reduced prices.

☞ Consignments of second-hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

☞ Particular attention paid to orders.

BRANSON & JONES,
Raleigh, N. C.

L. BRANSON, Agent J. A. JONES.
N. C. Business Directory. jan30–tf.

BOARDING HOUSE IN FRANKLINTON.

The Schools, both Male and Female, will soon commence, and I am prepared to furnish every convenience and accommonation for 10 or 12 boarders, usually found in a first class boarding house. Terms—$12½ per month—half in advance. For further particulars, address

MRS. ANN COGGIN,
tf Franklinton, N. C.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY!

A situation as teacher of the higher English branches, by a young lady with ten years' experience in teaching. Would be glad of a situation as an assistant in an Academy, or of a neighborhood school, or family school. She brings good testimonials as an excellent teacher, and of one who is apt to teach, and whose heart is in the work. Will accept a salary suitable to the times, as she is without a home or parent to assist her.

Apply immediately for name and address at
Jan 22, tf. THIS OFFICE.

GOLDSBORO' FEMALE COLLEGE.

The Spring Session will open on Monday, the 17th of February, and continue twenty weeks. Board and tuition, exclusive of lights and washing, $95 per session of twenty weeks. Pupils will be charged only from time of entrance. No deduction from tuition will be allowed, except in cases of protracted sickness. We have a corps of experienced and successful teachers. Ornamental Branches and Music moderate. For particulars, address E. W. ADAMS,
i–1–doaw till mar 1. President.

TEACHERS.—Two young ladies of good family educated at Salem, North Carolina, with one year's experience in teaching, wish situations as teachers in private families or public institutions. They can teach the English branches, Music, and the rudiments of French and Latin. Apply to Mrs. M. E. Phillips, Jackson, Northampton county, N. C. i–1–5t.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Landholders who wish to sell Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale. We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address

JOHN B. GRETTER, General Agent
to Nov 20 Greensboro', N. C.

PETERSBURG.

TANNAHILL, McILWAINE & CO.,

General Commission Merchants, for sale of Produce and Purchase of Merchandise Generally.

No. 130 Pearl Street, New York.

MARTIN & TANNAHILL, of Petersburg, Va. McILWAINE & CO. of Petersburg, Va.

to Feb. 27.

OSBORNE, PATTERSON & CO.,

Grocers and Commission Merchants, 103 Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.

R. C. OSBORNE,
J. R. PATTERSON,
to Sept 14 L. E. STAINBACK.

MARTIN & TANNAHILL,

Grocers and Commission Merchants, Petersburg, Va. Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, Wheat &c., will have prompt and faithful personal attention. Orders for goods filled at reasonable prices for cash or to punctual customers.

ROBT. A. MARTIN,
to Mar 14 ROBT. TANNAHILL.

C. C. VINCENT,

Coppersmith, Tin and Sheet Iron Manufacturer, Plumming, Roofing, &c. Dealer in Stoves, Ranges, Heaters and House Furnishing Goods, No. 20, Old Street, Petersburg, Va.

to Sept 14

J. T. MORRIS,

Manufacturer and Dealer in Furniture of all descriptions; Raymond's Metalic Cases, and wooden coffins of all kinds always on hand.—No. 127, Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.

Branch House at Raleigh, N. C.

to April 17

McILWAINE & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants. Wholesale Dealers and Jobbers of Dry Goods, Notions and Ready-made Clothing, No. 79 and 83, Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.

Agents for Bradley's Super-Phosphate of Lime, Dealers in No. 1 Peruvian Guano and other Fertilizers.

R. D. McILWAINE, FRANK POTTS, S. S. BRIDGERS.
to Feb 27

BRANCH & HERBERT,

Grocers and Commission Merchants, (Store formerly occupied by Hill, Warren & Co.,) No. 123, Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va., will give their personal attention to the sale of Cotton, Tobacco and all other Produce entrusted to their care, and prompt returns made. Constantly on hand a good supply of Bagging, Rope and Fertilizers. We are prepared to fill orders for the celebrated ARROW TIE for Bailing Cotton.

MILES B. BRANCH, late of Branch, Rives & Co.
J. H. HERBERT, late of Halifax County, N. C.
to Mar 14

B. D. EVANS, (successor to Evans & Godwin) Manufacturer of Tin Ware, Cooking and Heating Stoves, of the most approved patterns. I have just returned from the foundaries, where I selected my Stoves in person, and from a long experience in the business, flatter myself that I can give satisfaction. In a few days I shall have a new Stove, and the best ever offered in this market.

The Great Doty Washing Machine is still the wonder and admiration of all. Send your orders early.

Persons indebted to the late firm must settle, as much longer indulgence cannot be given.

jan 30 tf D. D. EVANS.

WHOLESALE DRUG TRADE.

JORDAN & CARR, (successors to Geo. B. Jones,) Corner Sycamore and Washington streets, Petersburg, Va., have the pleasure to announce to the merchants of Virginia and North Carolina the reception of one of the largest and most complete stocks of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye-stuffs, Window Glass, Garden, Yard and Field Seeds, Surgical and Dental Instruments, Brushes, Combs, Perfumery, Toilet Soaps, &c., to be found in the Southern States. Their entire stock was purchased from first hands for Cash, and they feel confident they can offer superior inducements to the trade.

Merchants, Physicians and others are cordially invited to call and examine their goods and prices.

WALTER B. JORDAN,
to May 1 JOSEPH CARR.

UPHOLSTERY GOODS. The subscriber begs leave to call the attention of the public to his large and well assorted stock of House Furnishing Goods, such as Carpets, Rugs and Mats, Floor and Table Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Curtain Goods, Lace Curtains, Gimps and Tassels, Window Cornices, and Curtain Bands. Hair and Shuck Mattresses always on hand and made to order. Rooms papered at the shortest notice.

Our prices are as low as can be purchased at the North, and we most respectfully solicit a call.

J. M. WHITEHURST,
63 Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.,
to Oct 16 Opposite the Court House.

COCKADE MARBLE AND GRANITE Works, Sycamore Street, (opposite Geo. Peace,) Petersburg, Va.

The undersigned would return his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage he has received from the people of North Carolina, and would respectfully inform them that he has constantly on hand a varied assortment of Grave Stones, of finest material and workmanship, at low prices.

Orders by mail promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.

Also deals in Iron and Wire Railings.

☞ A deduction of 10 per cent. on grave stones for Confederate soldiers.

to May 1 CHAS. M. WALSH.

TODD, PUGH & CO.,

General Grocers & Commission Merchants, Petersburg, Va.

Cotton Planters furnished with Bagging and Rope on liberal terms, payable out of the cotton crop.

We are agents for the celebrated Arrow Tie and Painted Iron Band, for baling cotton.

Twenty tons on hand, ready for delivery.

We are also agents for Woolston's Ammoniated Bone Phosphate of Lime.

Bagging and Rope of the best quality always on hand. tf

HENRY T. ALLEY,

Confectioner, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Fruits, Fancy Goods, Cigars, Toys, &c., 133 Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.

Weddings and Parties furnished in the most approved style. to sep 14.

BALTIMORE.

FARBANKS' STANDARD SCALES.

FAIRBANKS & CO.,

246 WEST BALTIMORE STREET,

BALTIMORE, MARYLAND,

Weigh, Lock, R. R. Track, Depot, Hay, Coal, Dormant, Warehouse, Platform,

Counter, Union, Family, Butchers Druggists, Jewelers, and Bank Scales.

Over one hundred modifications, adapted to every branch of business where a correct and durable scale is required.

A uniform standard of weights, and a correct system of weighing, are subjects claiming the attention of every individual in the community.

—oct 30.

WILLIAM MANN,

Wholesale Dealer in all kinds of American Clocks, and Manufacturer of Mahogany, Rosewood and Gilt Frame Looking Glasses, N. E. Corner Charles and Lombard Streets, Baltimore, Md.

A large and varied assortment of Toilet Boxes, Work Boxes, Portable Desks and Clock Trimmings, always on hand. —1sep 14.

HARDWARE.

WALTER S. MOORE & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in

English, German and American Hardware, Cutlery, Axes, Spades, Shovels, Bellows, Vises, &c., No. 4 Light Street, Baltimore, Maryland.

—sep 14.

MACKENZIE BROTHERS,

No. 222 Baltimore Street, near Charles, Baltimore, Md., Importers of Coach, Wagon and Saddlery Hardware, Harness Materials, Felloes, Spokes, Hubs, Bows, Shafts, Axles, Springs, Enameled and Patent Canvass, Enameled Dash and Collar Leather, Coach Varnish, Japan and Leather Varnish, Harness Oil, Blacking, Axle Grease, Carriage Bolts, Bands, Oil Cloth, Buckles, Terrets, Hooks, Bits, Ornaments, Hames, Lace, Fringes, &c., all at the lowest price.

may 28.

M. WARNER HEWES. HENRY W. WARNER.

HEWES & WARNER,

General Commission Merchants, for the sale of Cotton, Seed and Country Produce, and Agents for How's New Jersey Nursery, 18 Commerce Street, Baltimore, Md.

Refer to National Mechanics' Bank, and Worthington & Lewis, Publishers American Farmer.

to mar 14.

HUGH MACNAIR,

With Phillips and Maitland, General Commission Merchants, 26 Bowly's Wharf, Baltimore, Maryland.

B. F. PHILLIPS. BURGUINE MAITLAND.

Refer to Ex Gov. H. T. Clark, Tarboro', N. C.; J. J. B. Pender, Esq., Tarboro', N. C.; Dr. Thos. D. Hogg, Raleigh, N. C..... to may 29.

POOLE & HUNT,

Baltimore, Md., Manufacturers of Portable and Stationary Steam Engines and Boilers, Steam Fire Engines, Leffel's Patent American Double Turbine Water-Wheel, Portable Grist Mills, Roberts' Burr Regulator, Flouring Mill Machinery, Cotton Screws, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers.

to may 4.

CEMETERY NOTICE.—Monuments, Tombs Head and Foot Stones, of Italian and American Marble, of new and beautiful design, always on hand at GADDESS BROS., Steam Marble Works, Corner Sharp and German streets, Baltimore, Md. to oct 23.

THE CHOICEST AND OLDEST WINE GROWN IN THE STATE.

JOSEPH TAYLOR & CO., California Wines, Brandies and Wine Bitters, the Pure Juice of the Grape. No. 4 North Street, Baltimore, Md to nov 9.

THE BEST WATER WHEEL IS LEFFEL'S Patent Double American Turbine, Manufactured by POOLE & HUNT, Baltimore, Md.

Send for a circular. to may 4.

CUSHINGS & MEDAIRY,

Book, Paper and Stationery House, No. 6 North Howard Street, (Opposite the Howard House,) Baltimore, Maryland. Merchants' Account Books and Printing executed to order.

JOHN CUSHING. RICHARD C. CUSHING.
JACOB MEDAIRY. FRANCIS C. CUSHING.
to sept 14.

GOLD PREMIUM PIANO FORTES.

Wm. Knabe & Co., Baltimore, Md., Manufacturers of Grand, Square and Upright Pianos.

Office Nos. 1, 3, 5 and 7 Eutaw Street.

Ware-room No. 350 W. Baltimore Street.

Factory corner Eutaw and West Streets.

to nov 27.

A. MCCLEISH. N. F. RIVES. J. W. KERR.

MCCLEISH, RIVES & CO.,

United States Bonded Warehouse, Cotton Factors, Tobacco and General Commission Merchants, No 61 Exchange Place, Baltimore, Md.

☞ Strict personal attention given to the sale of Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Lumber, &c., and to the execution of orders for Merchants generally. to mar 14.

E. VANCE,

Norfolk, Virginia, Wholesale Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Liquors, Bottler of Ales, Wines, Porter, Cider, and all sorts of Mineral Waters.

This is the largest Bottling Establishment South of Baltimore.

to Jan 23.

BENJAMIN ROBINSON,

(Late of North Carolina,)

Attorney and Counsellor at Law, 37 Nassau Street, New York.

Associated with Roger A. Pryor, Esq., formerly of Virginia, will attend thoroughly and promptly to all business committed to his management.

to Aug. 24.

J. T. MURRAY & CO.

Commission Merchants, No. 188 Front Street, New York.

J. T. MURRAY, N. Y. E. MURRAY, N. C.
to Jan. 2.

ETTINGER & EDMOND,

Established in October, 1850, manufacturers of Portable and Stationary Engines and Saw Mills, Steam Fire Engines, Mill Work, Castings, of all kinds, Tobacco Fixtures and Railroad Works.

Cary Street, below Fifteenth, Richmond, Va, to March 1

The North Carolinian.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Reliable Advertisements are inserted in the DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN at the following rates, by contract, and may be changed in form quarterly:

One Square One Year	$ 50 00
Two Squares One Year	75 00
Three Squares One Year	90 00
Four Squares One Year	100 00
Fourth Column One Year	125 00
Half Column One Year	225 00
Whole Column One Year	400 00

An inch lengthwise the column is a square. Transient matter is charged One Dollar per Square for the first and Fifty Cents for each subsequent insertion.

All Advertisements in the WEEKLY NORTH CAROLINIAN are charged Fifty Cents a Square for every insertion.

The North Carolinian.

"Breathes there a man with soul so dead,
Who never to himself hath said,
This is my own, my native land."

WM. A. HEARNE, JNO. W. DUNHAM,
EDITORS.

Raleigh, Thursday, January 30th, 1868.

It is due to the people among whom we have settled, and from whom we solicit patronage, that we should state the reasons which have led to our change of location, and the principles by which our conduct as editors will be guided.

We began the publication of the North Carolinian as a semi-weekly, at Wilson, two years ago. The paper grew rapidly in popular favor, and had soon quite as large a subscription list and advertising patronage as that of any similar journal in the State. Hoping to extend its influence and increase its business, we determined to remove to this City, and commence its publication as a daily. Hence the change of location.

The North Carolinian is Democratic in politics. There can be, in a government like this, only two great parties having permanence and nationality. There are but two such parties now. The one the Republican, or Radical party—having a preponderating majority in the Congress—in order to continue its hold on place and power, has resorted to the desperate expedient of legislating the ten States of the South out of the Union, after the government had successfully prosecuted the most gigantic war of the century, in maintenance of the doctrine, that there was no method by which they could get or be driven thereout. It has subordinated the civil to military law by erecting in these States districts or despotisms, and appointing to the command thereof officers of the army, whose code of laws consists of the army regulations and the acts by virtue of which they hold their positions. It has robbed thousands of our citizens, representing largely the moral worth and mental wealth of our communities, of their right and privileges, and has conferred such rights and privileges upon hundreds of thousands of negroes, whose ignorance and credulity make them fit instruments for the purposes of the despot or the demagogue. It has destroyed commerce, paralyzed trade, crippled our multiplied industries, and by a burdensome and iniquitous system of taxation has prevented the impoverished people of the South from even a partial recovery from the losses incident to a protracted and exhaustive war. Not satisfied with these acts, it is taxing its ingenuity to devise other and more devilish schemes by which to work our degradation and ruin.

The other, the Democratic party, denies the right of Congress to reduce these States to mere dependencies; denies, also, its right to impose taxes, while refusing representation in the National Legislature; enters its indignant protest against the effort making to place these States under negro rule; denounces the acts of Congress, regulating reconstruction, as unjust, oppressive and unconstitutional; proclaims as its cardinal doctrine, that this is a white man's government, and should be controlled by white men only; favors an economical administration of the government, and an equitable adjustment of its burdens; insists upon the constitution as the supreme law of the land, and upon the immediate restoration of the Southern States with rights and dignity unimpaired; promises, if successful, to undo all that has been done to our detriment, and to restore to us the rights and privileges of which we have been illegally deprived.

These, briefly, are the positions held by the two great parties, struggling for supremacy in the government.

We believe that the time has come when the white men of North Carolina must decide between their claims—must determine which of these organizations deserves their confidence and support. In what ranks and under what banner, North Carolinians?

Our choice is made. We are Democrats; because we are uncompromisingly opposed to Radicals and Radicalism, to negro suffrage, military rule and reconstruction upon the basis of Congressional enactment, and because, also, there is no other national organization, save the Democratic party, committed to the advocacy of these principles.

This much is certain: if we are to obtain relief from the evils we now bear, and are to be saved from still more heinous wrongs, that relief must be the result of the energy, courage and labor of the Northern Democracy. There is no other source from which succor can come. Shall we accept the benefit and refuse a return? Take the aid and deny the obligation? Or shall we not rather forget the feuds and faults of the past, bury its bitter memories, its jealousies and heart-burnings, gain strength by union, and assure those who so generously offer us assistance of our hearty co-operation, whenever that co-operation may become needful and proper? Such a course on the part of our whole people, involves no surrender of principle. Past things politically are dead things. The questions which divided us in other days have now no existence. They passed away with the circumstances which gave them birth. In their stead has arisen another, whose transcendant importance overshadows all other questions, and which must receive a solution by the American people in the Presidential campaign of the present year. That question is: Shall the white men of the nation retain control of its destiny, or shall they surrender it into the keeping of negroes? This is the issue presented for decision during the year 1868. That the decision may be in favor of our race and our principles, can we not surrender our prejudices and secure that unity so essential to success? No minor question should distract or divide us.

These are the reasons for the faith that is in us, and these the principles which shall govern our conduct. We have spoken frankly and earnestly—frankly, because, as journalists, we dare not conceal our sentiments, and earnestly, because we feel deeply whenever and however the honor or interests of North Carolina are imperilled.

Let us not be discouraged. The prospect just now is, indeed, gloomy, but for this stricken and suffering people, there cometh a day of redemption. Dark and devious may be the way through this political Red Sea, but there is sunlight before us, and sooner than many expect, we shall pass above and beyond the clouds that now encompass us, out upon the broad plains of peace and national prosperity.

We publish to-day, for the benefit o those of our readers not residing in the city, the letter addressed by Kemp P. Battle, Esq., Treasurer of the State, to Mr. Calvin J. Cowles, President of the body assembled in the House of Commons, and falsely calling itself a Convention of the people of North Carolina.—The letter is written in response to an ordinance adopted by the non-descript concern, authorizing and directing the Treasurer to pay the *per diem* and mileage of its members, upon the warrant of its presiding officer. It is admirable in argument and felicitous in composition. The Treasurer very plainly informed Mr. Cowles that the body over which he presides has neither the authority to direct nor the power to compel him to do any thing—especially to compel him to violate his oath and forfeit his official bond by paying monies from the Treasury of the State for purposes, and in a manner not authorized by law. Therefore he declined to comply with the modest request of the illustrious body; directing the attention of members to the terms of his oath, which provides that he shall neither directly nor indirectly apply the public money to any other use than by law directed; and to the act of Congress under whose authority their body is assembled, and which plainly prescribes the manner in which the funds necessary to defray the expenses thereof shall be raised. We admire the quiet sarcasm contained in that clause of the letter in which allusion is made to "the dignity and weight of the body," with whose command, his regard for his oath and construction of the law will not allow him to comply.

The true men of North Carolina will unquestionably endorse Mr. Battle's act. The Supplemental Reconstruction Act provides the manner in which the money can be obtained. Mr. Battle had nothing to do with the matter. Nor will an application to Gen. Canby, unless that officer shall disregard the law by which he holds his position, avail anything. There is one method and one only, and Gen. Canby is bound by the law fully and as firmly as the humblest citizen of either of the States composing his district. If Gen. Canby directs the levy and collection of the tax much delay must occur in the payment of the snug sums due delegates for the learning and labor they have devoted to the arduous tasks assigned them. We feel great sympathy for the moneyless individuals of the body. But if there be among them, one dear soul—a poripatetic vender of Plymouth Rock philosophy and literature, ethics and religion—who abandoned the blandishments of his home, and came among us, ignorant and debased as we are, in a spirit of sublime self-sacrifice, to instruct us in the great science of law-making, for him do we especially feel. He deserves our tenderest sympathies and has them—perhaps.

The New York Tribune, looking to the condition of things in the South, exclaims, "Root hog, or die." But there are no hogs to root. The niggers have stolen them all—every squealer and grunter.—*Prentice.*

The announcement of the official vote of Maine shows that the Democratic gain in that State last year was 16,348. The same gain the present year will give the Democracy a glourious victory.

Thurlow Weed will certainly retire from journalism and public life after the Presidential election, which he can afford to do, as he is full of years and experience, and has a property worth about $3,000,000.

The new British Minister arrived at New York on Monday.

The Question of Per Diem.

THE COMMUNICATION OF THE PUBLIC TREASURER.

Hon. C. J. Cowles, President of the Constitutional Convention of N. C.:

SIR—I have the honor to acknowledge that I have received and carefully considered the ordinance passed by your honorable body, viz:

"That the Treasurer of the State of North Carolina, upon the warrant of the President of this Convention, is hereby authorized and directed to pay the *per diem* and mileage of members and officers of this Convention."

With the greatest deference for the opinion of the Convention, I much regret that my views of the law render it impossible for me to obey the mandate of this ordinance.

On the 1st day of January, 1867, I took an oath of office, not directly or indirectly to apply the public money to any other use than by law directed.

I, also, entered into bond in the penal sum of $250,000, conditioned that I would "faithfully account for all moneys and other things, which shall come into my hands by virtue of my office."

If a call is made on the Treasury, not authorized by law, it is my duty to decline compliance as well on account of the obligations of my oath, as the pecuniary responsibilities of my bond. Under ordinary circumstances it might be incumbent on me to waive my individual opinion in deference to the superior wisdom of the Convention. But in this case the consequences of unauthorized actions are of such moment to myself and others, it would be madness for me to disregard my clear conviction, notwithstanding the dignity and weight of the body whose judgment is variant from my own.

In 1865, a civil government was inaugurated in this State, with power to raise funds, by taxation, for carrying on its operations. For this purpose funds have been actually realized, and I am, at present, the agent charged with their custody and disbursement. It is true, Congress has declared this government illegal and void, but, in the first place, as long as I consent to be its servant, I cannot but acknowledge its binding effect, subject to the Constitution and laws of the United States.

And, secondly, Congress has expressly allowed it to continue, subordinated to its own authority and that of the military officers appointed for the purpose. So that even under these laws this government is complete in all its parts—with its own officers, Executive, Legislative and Judicial—supported out of its own Treasury.

The Convention, now in session, does not derive its existence in any manner from the present State government or under its constitution. It has assembled under other authority and neither claims nor desires to claim any connection with it. On the contrary, the necessary effect of the inauguration of the government, contemplated by the Convention, is to supersede and destroy the present. If there is any obligation on the existing government to supply funds for the maintenance of that proposed, this obligation must arise from some enactment of the former, or else of some authority superior to both.

It is needless to say that the Legislature of this government has not authorized such payment. The authority must come, if at all, from the acts of Congress from which this Convention derives its existence. These acts are:

1st. "An act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," passed March 2, 1866.

2nd. An act supplemental thereto, passed, March 23, 1867.

3rd. An act supplemental to the aforesaid acts passed July, 1867.

Is there authority in these acts to justify the Convention in demanding funds of the Public Treasury to pay its officers and members? It seems to me the contrary is perfectly plain under the terms of the acts themselves.

Congress has, notwithstanding the declaration that the existing State governments are illegal and void, allowed their continuance under certain conditions. By section 6, of the Act of March 2, 1867, it is enacted that "until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in Congress, any civil governments which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States, at any time to abolish, modify, control, or supercede the same."

It thus appears that Congress reserves to the United States the power over the civil government in North Carolina, until the people shall be by law admitted to representation in Congress. In other words, no power but the United States can abolish, modify, control or supercede this government until a Constitution shall be formed, submitted to the people, adopted, and then approved by Congress; until a General Assembly shall be elected under that Constitution; until that Assembly shall adopt the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States known as Article 14, and, in addition, said article shall be adopted by three-fourths of the States. Your honorable body has just entered on the course of duty prescribed. It has not yet accomplished the first step, to wit: the formation of a Constitution. It cannot, at this time, abolish, modify, control, or supersede the present State government, because that would be interfering with the prerogative of the United States.

Now, Chief Justice Marshall lays it down in McCulloch *vs.* the State of Maryland, that the power to tax any subject, involves the power to destroy such subject by excessive taxation; and so the power to appropriate a portion of the funds of the State, includes the power to appropriate all, and hence to destroy or control the State government by depriving it of the means of continued existence. It thus appears that the ordinance of the Convention, directing me to disburse money from the Treasury, infringes on a power reserved exclusively to the United States.

Again, by the 1st section of the Act of July, 1867, the continuance of the present State government is allowed and the same is declared to be subject in all respects to the Military Commander and the authority of Congress. How is this consistent with the claim by the Convention of power over the same government? The Treasury, of which I am the guardian, is necessary to the life of the very organization, without which it cannot be continued in the manner allowed by the Act.

It may be said that the funds in the Treasury are sufficient for the needs of the Convention and of the State government also. As a matter of fact this is altogether uncertain, but, even if true, the principle is not all affected. The accidental circumstance of one State not having at this time an empty Treasury, can have no bearing on the construction of acts of Congress passed long before and applying to nine other States as well.

If the power to direct States officers be conceded, it seems to follow that power to enforce these directions, by punishment for disobedience, is likewise possessed by this Convention. The most obvious punishment of refractory officers is removal or suspension from office. Now Congress has steadily refused to confer on the Convention this right of removal. It is vested in the District Commander, who may substitute officers of the army, or others, in the place of those removed or suspended. Suppose the Commanding General should exercise this power by substituting an officer of the army. Would the Convention claim authority to direct such officer? It seems to me this claim is inconsistent with the power of the Commanding General.

The foregoing considerations would satisfy me that I am not justified by the acts of Congress, known as the Reconstruction Acts, in making payments under the ordinance of the Convention, even if the questions had not been definitely settled by express enactment. Section 8, of the Act of March 23rd 1867, shows plainly the intendment of the law-makers in this regard.—That the section is as follows:

"Convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary and compensation to be paid all delegates and other officers and agents herein authorized, or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same."

By a previous section, provison was made for payment of the expenses incurred by the Commanding General, or by virture of any orders issued or appointments made by him, under or by virtue of this act, out of the Treasury of the United States. The section quoted declares that the Convention must prescribe the pay of its delegates, and of all other officers appointed under its authority, and then directs in what manner these expenses must be met. The Convention must levy and collect taxes for the purpose. And the particular kind of revenue act is indicated.—The taxes must be levied on *property* alone, not on persons or other subjects; whereas the money in the Treasury of the existing State government was collected from persons, callings, privileges, licenses, &c., as well as from property.

Is it conceivable that this section would have been passed, if the Convention already had power to avail itself of the funds of a government then in operation, collected under its laws?—When Congress has enjoined on the Convention, for the purpose of paying its members and officers, the duty of taxation, expressly declaring on what subjects such levies shall be made, I am unable to find a plausible reason for the claim that other funds, collected by a different mode of taxation, for other purposes, by a different government, which, although pronounced illegal, is allowed on certain terms to continue until superseded or controlled by the United States, should be diverted to other objects for which provision is otherwise expressly made.

The Ordinance under discussion calls directly to the Public Treasurer. This is according to analogies heretofore prevailing in North Carolina. To authorize payments from the Treasury, the warrant of the Governor, on the certificate of the Comptroller, is generally necessary. But Legislatures, whether General Assemblies or Conventions, are usually paid on the certificate of the presiding officers. The warrant of the Governor is no protection to the Treasurer, unless authorized by law. Hence, I have felt it my duty in the present case not to ask for such warrant, but to act according to my clear convictions of duty under the law. For the views expressed in the foregoing communication, I am therefore solely responsible.

In respectfully declining to obey the order of this Convention, I beg leave to assure them that nothing but a strong sense of duty could induce me to take an antagonistic position towards them. In all cases practicable, it will give me great pleasure to co-operate with them, and to give all the aid in my power, towards furtheringthe best interests of the State.

I have the honor to be
Very respectfully, yours,
KEMP P. BATTLE,
Public Treasurer.

CONGRESSIONAL RECONSTRUCTION CONVENTION.

RALEIGH, N. C., Wednesday, Jan. 29, 1868.

The Convention was called to order at 11 a. m.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Ashley, delegate from New Hanover, and "pioneer of education in North Carolina."

Proceedings of yesterday read, corrected and approved.

A communication from the Treasurer of the State was read, in reply to a letter of enquiry from the Convention (so-called,) in regard to the amount of stock held in the Albermarle and Chesapeake Canal.

Mr. Jones, of Washington, moved to refer it to the Committee on Finance, with instructions to consider and report. Motion carried.

Mr. Watts, a memorial from Sampson county in regard to late elections. Referred.

Mr. Abbott, read a communication from the President of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad.

Harris, nigger, of Wake, a memorial contesting the seat of Mr. Williams, of Sampson, by a Mr. Hall. Referred to the appropriate Committee, with instructions to report as early as possible.

Mr. Jones, of Caldwell, a majority report from the Committee on Homesteads. Ordered to be priuted.

Hood, nigger, a memorial from Sampson County. Ordered to be printed.

Harris, nigger, of Wake, a resolution providing that this Convention shall not act on private bills for relief until the civil government or constitution has been framed, and an ordinance passed for the relief of the people. He asked that the rules be suspended that the resolution might be acted on.

Mr. Abbott, objected to a suspension of the rules or the passage of the resolution, until the resolution offered by him, in regard to the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad, shall have been acted on.

Galloway, nigger from New Hanover, hoped the Convention would take no steps backward. He hoped the Convention would not suspend the rules for the consideration of resolutions, not coming up under the rules. It was an important event in the late election, that the road referred to was the only one that had not discharged its employees for voting the Republican ticket. The best relief that could be given to the struggling old State was labor, with money as a remuneration. The poor did not ask a repudiation of the State debt—it was the rich. The bone and sinew of the soil was the Republican party. He wanted to go back to his people with a record as bright and untarnished as when they sent him here.

Mr. King, of Lenoir, rose to a point of order and said the delegate from New Hanover had branched off on another subject.

Mr. King, of Lenoir, a resolution respecting the action of the Convention. Lies over.

Mr. Rich, a resolution calling on Sheriffs for number of executions and amount of money to be collected thereon. Laid over.

Mr. Congleton, a resolution in favor of immediate action on constitution and relief. Laid over.

The hour of 12 having arrived, the report of the Committee on Relief, which was the special order of the day, was presented by Mr. Rodman, the chairman of the committee,

ORDINANCE RESPECTING JURISDICTION OF THE COURTS OF THIS STATE.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained by the people of North Carolina in Convention assembled*, That no Court of Law or Equity of this State shall have jurisdiction of any suit or action founded on any contract made prior to the first day of May, 1865, (except actions against public officers, executors, administrators, guardians, trustees and others acting in a fiduciary capacity, and their sureties for breach of their respective duties, by the appropriation to their own use of money or property officially received by them or other fraudulent act,) or of any action or process to revive or enforce any judgment heretofore recovered on any such contract, whether such action be now pending, or shall be commenced hereafter, and whether such process has been already issued or shall be hereafter sued for; and the sheriffs, coroners and constables of this State, having in their hands any final process issued upon any judgment founded on such cause of action, are hereby commanded to stay all proceeding upon the same, and return the same to the proper Courts.

SEC. 2. This Ordinance shall be in force from and after its ratification by this Convention, and shall continue in force until the first day of July, 1868, or until the Constitution, which this Convention has met to adopt, shall go into effect, whichever shall first happen.

Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing Ordinance be sent to Major General Canby, Commanding, &c., and that he be respectfully requested to cause the same to be enforced.

Mr. McDonald, one of the committee, agrees in recommending the foregoing, with the exception of the exception in the first section, which he thinks should be stricken out.

WILL. B. RODMAN, *Ch'm'n.*
JOHN A. MCDONALD,
JOHN READ,
G. W. BRADLEY,
J. H. DUCKWORTH.

Mr. Rodman trusted the report would be adopted, and proceeded at length to speak of its merits, comparing the governments of ancient Rome and Greece to the present government of the United States.

Mr. Jones of Washington, opposed the adoption of the report as it stood, and proceeded at length to set forth his reasons. No comparison to be made between the old governments and the modern. In these modern days the right of dictation belonged solely to the conquering party. He was Republican all over. He regarded the report of the first gun that was fired at Fort Sumter, as the death knell of slavery.

Mr. Watts, offered an amendment to strike out all included in the exceptions, and insert, after the words except "contracts or engagements entered into for the purchase of real estate where one-half of the purchase money has not been made."

He was glad to hear the gentleman from Beaufort admit that we had the power to relieve the people. We have heard ringing in our ears from all parts of the State the cry of the widows and others, pleading for relief from the clutches of the creditors. When these States rebelled against the United States they forfeited their rights and privileges. The matter must be cleared up at once; the Constitutionality of these States must be preserved. He considered it more dishonorable for a man to take the benefits of the Bankrupt Law, than to let the State repudiate his debts for him.

Mr. Graham—I do not propose to introduce a substitute for this ordinance. He objected to the proposition on the ground that we have no jurisdiction in the matter, and that it was not the proper manner to give the people relief. He considered himself as loyal as any man. Can we swear to support the Constitution of the States, we swear to support the whole of it. He contended that we are States, and referred to Thad. Stevens and others for the assertion.—Talk about our not being States. It is not the relief demanded by our people. He would call the attention of this Convention to that of Virginia in a petition made by it to Congress for relief, and appointed a committee of five for that purpose. He did not see how they could act. It had been confided to Gen. Canby by the reconstruction acts themselves. He did not say that all this cry for relief must be intended for something else. If it was necessary for him to stand up against popular feeling he could do it. He did not believe this system would add any relief to the people. There were two sides to the question. If he could to-day, consistently with his oath, pass a law making fifty cents on a dollar enough to pay in the debts of the people, he would do it. We were not in such a very bad fix after all if they understood the matter. He had looked at these questions in every light, and was willing, as he said, if consistent with his oath to pass a law reducing the debts from one dollar to fifty cents. He was anxious to do what he could for the relief of the people, but was not to be led away by every vain illusion that might be brought up. He believed that our people were honest, and this cry of repudiation did not come from the majority of the people in North Carolina. Repudiates one of your debts at the bank and you do not borrow there afterwards.

Mr. McDonald, of Chatham, said he did not expect to reply to the legal gentlemen in this house. In regard to honesty, it had commenced playing out in 1861. Whenever relief was mentioned, there were some men in this house who brought up the Constitution—why, he did not think there was any Constitution. There was a hue and cry about the colored people getting the property when it was put under the hammer. It was not so. Shylarks were the ones who got it. Had it not been for that great statesman and patriot, General Sickles, the people of North Carolina would, to-day, under the present State government, have been ruined. Was it possible delegates of this Convention could not see the difficulty. He came here in 1865, and fought the war debt to the bitter end. He came not here to represent himself, but to represent his people. The people of this State can never pay these debts—the interest accruing on them was nearly double. Were he in Congress he would go for amending that law so that no one could sue for a sum under $10,000. The real issue in North Carolina, this day, was the debtor and the creditor.

Hood, nigger, did not think it proper to make speeches at an expense to the State of $400 per hour. This bill is destined to extend only till the time the Constitution is ratified—then the flood-gates will be open. He moved the report be recommitted.

Mr. Tourgee was opposed to the report of the Committee, but favored the stay of all debts, until a homestead clause could be inserted in the Constitution, of a retrospective nature; and he moved that the ordinance under consideration be recommitted with instructions to the committee to petition Gen. Canby to stay all debts.

Mr. Heaton, from the Committee on Standing Committee and Bill of Rights, presented the report from that Committee. Ordered to be printed.

Harris, of Wake, nigger, gave notice that he would offer a resolution limiting the speeches to 15 minutes.

Mr. King, of Lenoir, was granted leave of absence until Monday.

Mr. French, of Chowan, a resolution that the Committee of Finance, either in the name of the whole Committee, or in the name of a sub-Committee, be authorized to negotiate a loan not to exceed $10,000, in order to pay the expenses of the Convention. Passed.

Mr. Mann, an ordinance to change the manner of judgment of the State's subscription to the capital stock of the Western North Carolina Rail Road Company. Referred.

On motion of Galloway, nigger, the Convention adjourned.

Col. Willard of Gen. Canby's Staff, in a private letter written to a friend in New York, says that crime in North and South Carolina, is no greater than our courts are able to attend to, and that life and property are quite as safe here as in the Northern States. Unquestionably true: the sections of country in which the greatest lawlessness exists, are and have been those in which the Radicals had strongest sway.

Prof. Chas. S. Venable of the University of Virginia, and author of the Mathematical Works in the University Series of Southern School books, received the degree of L. L. D., at the hands of the Trustees of the University of South Carolina at their last meeting.

The Charleston *Gazette* of the 25th, states that the Rev. James Gibbons, of the Baltimore Cathedral, has been confirmed by the Pope, as Catholic Bishop of this State. He will be consecrated soon and enter on his duties.

Sumner is reported to have said that "before we stop we will have a stable government." The Senator meant *sable*.

Forty Pennsylvania Republican papers have declared in favor of Hon. Galusha A. Grow as their candidate for Vice President.

James H. Harney, ecitor and proprietor of the Louisville Democrat, died on Sunday.

Major Ross, of Kansas, was the only Republican Senator who voted against reinstating Stanton.

DIED.

At her father's residence, near Falkland, Pitt County, on the 19th inst., Miss Nannie A., daughter of Maj. John and Caroline Peebles, aged fourteen years, eight months and two days.

But a short time ago, Nannie returned home from school buoyant and cheerful, and apparently without any symptoms of disease. Having spent her vacation hapily with her little brothers and sisters, on the eve of starting back to resume her studies, she was attacked with Meningetis, and after a very few hours of suffering, closed her eyes in death.

Her school-mates, at Dr. Hooper's, were doubtless longing for her return. So amiable in her disposition, gentle in her manners, so kind, sincere and warm-hearted, she was beloved by them all, and many hearts will ache, and eyes grow moist with tears when they learn that little Nannie is dead.

In the family circle see was the cherished pet of all, and her sad, sudden death has opened a fountain of grief in the hearts of those who were bound to her by the strongest cords of affection. In their deep sorrow it is a sweet consolation to know that she is free from the rude cares of this wicked world, and is now a bright little Angel in Heaven. May the bereaved ones bear their loss with christian fortitude and resignation, and remember that our Heavenly Father knoweth what is best for His children, and

"Oft in mercy smiles
When the blow severest is."

BY TELEGRAPH.

TO THE DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN.

For General Market Reports see Commercial Intelligence on Third Page.

Shooting Affair.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 29th.

Mrs. E. A. Pollard, wife of the author of the "Lost Cause," called on Dr. A. G. Moore, an intimate friend of her husband, to make inquiry concerning Pollard, who has been absent. During the interview, a difficulty occurred, when Mrs. Pollard shot Dr. Moore, inflicting a slight wound. Refusing to give bail, she was committed to prison.

Arkansas Democratic Convention.

LITTLE ROCK, Jan. 29th.

The Arkansas Democratic Convention met here yesterday. A full attendance of delegates from all parts of the State. The hall of the Convention was handsomely decorated by the ladies of the city. Among the delegates are a large number of German and Irish citizens.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29th.

HOUSE.—Committee on Foreign Affairs reported bill heretofore published, concerning rights of American citizens abroad. It provoked an avalanche of questions and suggestions, indicating wide diversity of opinion on the subject. Postponed.

Bill providing for forfeiture of railroad lands resumed, Messrs. Pile, Blair and Axtell opposing. The debate elicited the fact that Alabama has seven; Mississippi four and Florida seventeen millions acres open to homestead laws. Postponed.

Mr. Johnson of California, asked leave to introduce a resolution instructing Judiciary Committee to inquire whether Congress had power to prevent the immigration of the Chinese and other inferior races, and whether civil rights bill and constitutional amendments conferred rights of suffrage, &c., on Chinese born in United States. Pile objected to resolution as being a burlesque on common sense.

Committee on Commerce instructed to inquire into the expediency of making appropriations for removing obstructions from Hellgate and for the improvement of the eastern harbor of New York.

Bill removing disabilities from Luke Blackmer of Salisbury, N. C., was referred to reconstruction committee. Adjourned.

SENATE.—Resolution of Colorado Assembly, asking admission as a State, was presented.

Bill abolishing eastern district court of Texas, was indefinitely postponed.

Committee on Foreign Relations reported favorably on the Sandwich Islands reciprocity treaty. Adjourned.

Destructive Fire in Albany.

ALBANY, Jan. 29th.

The Academy of Music of this city has been destroyed by fire. Loss, $10,000.

Florida Convention.

TALLAHASSEE, Jan. 29.

Report of Committee on Internal Improvements ordered to be printed without reading.

Billings offered a letter detailing facts in regard to purchase of government lands by Florida railroad. Also, a resolution prohibiting the Legislature from renewing the charter of the road.

Petition from loyal citizens for compensation for property taken by Confederate officers. No action taken.

Resolution passed requiring State Treasurer to report amount of money in his hands, and to hold it subject to action of the Convention. Also prohibiting any officer of the Convention drawing funds without the vote of the Convention.

A resolution passed authorizing the Finance Committee to issue State script to pay expenses of the Convention.

Resolution forbidding distinction on account of color on railroads, steamboats, or in places of public amusement or instruction, was introduced. Referred to Judiciary Committee.

Committee on Finance, reported that their Financial Agents had had an interview with Gen. Meade, who instructed the Convention to levy a direct tax to meet expenses, and offered assistance in its collection, if necessary. He also empowered the Convention to draw on the State Treasurer for any necessary funds. Rule adopted expelling any member guilty of bribery or intimidation. Chair ruled motion out of order. Convention adjourned amid much excitement and confusion.

Georgia Convention.

ATLANTA, Jan 29th.

The ordinance on relief was made the special order for Friday. Five additional sections of the Bill of Rights were adopted. All taxation is to be ad valorem. Poll tax not to exceed one dollar, and to be devoted exclusively to educational purposes. The 24th section reads thus: The social status of citizens shall never be the subject of legislation.

ATLANTA, Jan. 29.

Gen. Meade, in reply to numerous letters, inquiring as to the proper construction of his orders legalizing certain ordinances of the Convention, directs parties to apply to the courts for interpretation.

Quite a snow here to-day.

WILMINGTON, Jan. 29.

Spirits Turpentine active, 58c. Rosins in good demand; No. 21 strained, $2,25. Cotton easier, 16¼. Tar firm, $2,05.

South Carolina Convention.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 29.

A Resolution was introduced providing for the purchase by the State, of all lands forced on the market. Lands to be sold by the State to actual settlers.

Also a resolution praying Congress to appropriate the collected cotton tax, amounting to three millions of dollars, to be expended in purchasing land to be sold to the poor.

An ordinance, providing for the raising of $75,000 by taxation, to meet expenses of the Convention, was passed.

The editors and proprietors of the *Mercury* were excluded from the floor to-day to prevent breaches of the peace.

Cable Dispatches.

LONDON, Jan. 29.

George Francis Train is lecturing in Cork, Ireland to crowded houses.

The editor of the Dublin Nation is held for trial by examining board.

Virginia Convention.

RICHMOND, Jan. 29.

Convention adopted a resolution asking Schofield to allow voters to register where they may reside at the time of election. A member said the resolution was unnecessary, as Schofield would soon issue an order for a new registration. During debate a Conservative used the words, "That infamous tyrant, Congress." Much confusion, many members declaring the words disorderly.

Question left unsettled by order of the day coming up. A member demanded the expulsion of a reporter of the Dispatch, for a statement made in that paper. Decided out of order.

Much confusion was caused during the afternoon session among the Republicans, by one member calling another a damned liar. Chairs were caught up, but interposition of members stopped the difficulty. The day was consumed in the discussion of taxation.

Washington Items.

The Government counsel in the McCardle case will, on Friday next, move a farther advancement on the docket, with a view to the immediate dismissal of the case.

Eighty citizens, representing ten millions of dollars worth of property, have petitioned Congress to take entire charge of the municipal affairs of the District of Columbia, and in opposition to the extension of the present charter.

Supreme Court to-day took up the case of Gaines *vs.* Dela Croix and two others, issued under the will of Daniel Clark, father of Mrs. Gen. Gaines.

The sentence of Gen. A. V. Kautz, convicted by court martial at Vicksburg, is remitted.

A joint resolution will shortly be introduced rescinding Grant's order discontinuing the Bureau in the borner State.

Large delegation of tobacco dealers and manufacturers here to consult ways and means committee relative to tax.

Twenty two hundred black and four hundred and eighty white families of this city daily relieved by the government and charitable associations.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BRANSON & JONES,

Successors to Branson, Farrar & Co., continue th Book Business at the same stand, near Tucker's Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of Books and Stationery, at reduced prices.

☞ Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

☞ Particular attention paid to orders.

BRANSON & JONES,
Raleigh, N. C.

L. BRANSON, Agent
N. C. Business Directory. J. A. JONES.
jan30-4t.

ASSETS $17,000,000 00

With an income over

$6,500,000 00,

Surplus assets, deducting liabilities, over

$6,000,000 00.

The CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Hartford, Connecticut, was organized in 1846, and now has over

56,000 POLICIES,

in force, being a larger number than any other Company in the world.

Its Net Assets are larger than any other Company.

Dividends have averaged over 50 per cent, and a credit of one half the premium is given, which, in case of death is cancelled by anticipated dividends.

The interest received, during the past ten years, has more than paid its losses.

Great care in the selections of risks;
Low rates of mortality;
Extreme low ratio of expenses to receipts;
Immense income for interest, and
Consequent large dividends, reduce assurance to its lowest possible cost.

ALL POLICIES NON-FORFEITABLE BY THEIR TERMS,

and no extra charge made, except only where the risk is extra hazardous;

No Notes are required after the fourth year—Dividends paying half the premium thereafter,

No Deduction of Notes—No Assessment.

Assurance can be effected in all the forms desired.

SAM'L. DOUGLAS WAIT,
General Agent N. C.
Raleigh.

Jan. 30-tf.

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SEED GROWERS AND DEALERS,

1506 MAIN STREET,

RICHMOND, VA.

Descriptive Catalogues for Spring of 1868 now ready, and will be forwarded to any one applying for them.

Particular attention paid to sending SEEDS BY MAIL.

Upon the receipt of Catalogue price, we will forward any Seeds ordered, and guarantee their safe delivery. For PEAS, BEANS, CORN and other heavy Seeds, 8 cents per lb. must be added to the remittance to pay postage.

There is special Postal arrangement for transmitting seeds by mail, and for all packages not weighing over four pounds it is the safest and most expeditious way of obtaining them. Larger quantities will be forwarded according to instructions.

Remittances by check payable to order, by Post Office draft, or in registered letters are at our risk.

Send for Catalogues, and address
ALLAN & JOHNSON,
Box 438, Richmond, Va.

To February 22.

EXCELSIOR!

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY Exhibits Assets to the 1st January 1868,

$8,000,000.

While the Annual Income for the year closed reachen $5,000,000, and 16,000 New Policies Issued.

THE ÆTNA was Chartered in 1819, and is an Old and Reliable Institution, and has no superior.

Losses Paid in the last Forty-seven years, over $17,485,894 71.

This Company pays losses promptly. Has no restriction to travelling or residing in any part of the United States. Is paying an

ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF 50 PER CENT.

to her members. No other Company has lower rates, or gives any "peculiar advantages" in reality.

Office of the Agency, over the store of Messrs. W. H. & R. S. Tucker & Co. Those contemplating Insurance will find it to their interest to call on the subscriber.

DR. W. H. MCKEE, W. H. CROW, Gen'l Ag't.
Examining Physician, Raleigh, N. C.
Jan30-1m.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,
21 EXCHANGE PLACE,
New York.

to Sept. 28.

The North Carolinian.

Raleigh, Thursday, January 30, 1868.

☞ The North Carolinian is published every morning in the building North-East corner of Fayetteville and Harnett Streets—up stairs.

OUR FIRST APPEARANCE IN RALEIGH.

The North Carolinian to-day makes its first appearance in the City of Oaks. It takes occasion to extend to itself a hearty welcome.

We should have appeared on Monday as promised, but for the delay and damage our material sustained *in transitu* at the hands of the Express Company.

Nevertheless we are in time for the feast, and to our brethren and friends we say "good morning."

If our readers should detect any short comings in the local department, we beg that they will remember two things—first, that our reporter is a young man just from the country; and second, that the young gentleman has not yet arrived. But he assumes the responsibility nevertheless.

TO OUR EXCHANGES.

Our fellow craftsmen throughout the country will please note the change in our local habitation, and in paying their visits govern themselves accordingly. In other words, our exchanges will please substitute Raleigh for Wilson on their mailing lists.

THE REASON WHY.

A contemporary has expressed sruprise that the South Carolina Convention, with a majority of nigger delegates, should manifest a greater spirit of magnanimity and display more gentlemanly qualities on the part of its members, than the Convention at Raleigh with white men so largely in the ascendancy.

With a slight exception, the nigger delegates to the Conventions now sitting in the States of the South, constitute the respectability and moral worth of those bodies, and it is not at all surprising that these black men, possessing the advantage of a former association with gentlemen, should manifest qualities to which the majority of their white *confreres* have always been strangers.

NEW ENGLAND REFINEMENT.

That New England refinement of which we hear so much was fitly illustrated a few days since by the publication, in a New England paper, of a private letter addressed to the editors of the *North Carolinian*.

The letter to which we allude was addressed to us at Wilson, read and thrown aside as of no importance. It subsequently turned up at a commission house in the city of New York, was thence forwarded to some one connected with the Wilmington Post, through whose columns it was given to the public.

Neither the writer or ourselves attach any importance to the letter, which in fact contains nothing; but since the parties concerned in its publication boast of the sharp trick they have played, "a sharp (yankee) trick," we will simply suggest that the publication of private letters, obtained as this was, while it may be, and no doubt is, perfectly compatible with Cape Cod courtesy and morals, nevertheless involves a a principle which, in this latitude, was hitherto unknown among gentlemen, and we are quite sure will ever remain unrecognized among men of honor.

CITY AND STATE.

Fire Near the City.

We learn that the dwelling house, kitchen smoke-house and one or two outhouses on the plantation belonging to W. D. Williams, Esq., four miles west of Raleigh, were destroyed by fire on Monday night. The houses were all vacant but as passing wagoners have been in the habit of camping at this place for some time, the fire is supposed to have originated from their camps.

Going into Business.

Nathan High, a gentleman of unmistakable loyalty and color, after lounging about the lobbies of the Convention Hall for several days, finally became disgusted with that great body for the tardiness with which it brings relief to the people, and determined to strike out for himself. The first step in this laudable direction brought Nathan in contact with the tool-chest of Rhoden Lloyd, which difficulty he at once overcame by shouldering the box and bearing it off "out of the way." The next object obstructing the path which Nathan was treading to "Fortune and to Fame," was Rhoden's smok-house, which was no obstruction at all, inasmuch as Nathan "went through" at once, carrying along with him pretty much all the meat Rhoden had provided for the loved ones of his household.

The performances of Nathan were finally brought to the attention of the Mayor, who sent him on to the next County Court, with an autograph recommendation.

Hard Up.

Members of the Convention, we are told, are "hard up." Many of them can't pay their board bills, and their landlords have turned them adrift, unable to feed them longer without pay.

Naughty Treasurer Battle! thus to refuse to pay the Constitutional laborers of North Carolina, at a time when the unmistakable pulse beats high, and when the loyal heart is aglow with pride and patriotism.

Let the philanthropic pioneers and missionaries of the Convention make up, at once a purse to sustain their suffering brethren until the Pascha at Charleston can be heard from.

The Weather.

Ever since the dark Tuesday on which the loyal people of North Carolina, in one solid mass, assembled in Convention at Raleigh, the weather has kept itself in solemn accord with the occasion. As we write Sir Handy Lockett is attempting to pass the National Bank building without soiling his patent leather gaiters and elaborately embroidered leggings. But the mud is entirely too deep and Sir Handy is at last compelled to wade through, as would one of less noble birth and meaner aspirations.

This is truly the time for hot whiskey punches. This is a time when bar rooms diffuse that nameless oder so delightful to the married man, that he sits up with it nightly until twelve o'clock, while the wife of his bosom in her comfortable home on Hillsboro' street, wonders at his absence, and unjustly curses the free, and accepted Masonic Fraternity, or uncharitably wishes the Union League to the devil.

We repeat, Mr. Treasurer of the State, this is a time for hot whiskey punches, and we take occasion to remind you that the public servants are out of funds.

Feat of Horsemanship.

The denizens of Davie street were thrown into considerable excitement yesterday morning by the appearance of a solitary horseman on the side walk, in the person of one Horace Lee, an inoffensive sort of person from the country—a negro—who, as they say on Davie street, was "going it" at number one speed, suggesting the possibility of a flying Dutchman on horseback. Horace brought up at the corner of Wilmington and Hargett streets, where, hitching his foaming steed to one of the sacred trees of that locality, at the invitation of one of the guardians of the law, he waited on Mayor Haywood at the office of that official and city father. The interview was about to cost Horace five dollars and ninety-five cents, but in consideration of the fact that the poor negro was idiotic, as well as ignorant of the city rules, the customary fine was remitted.

Destitution Among the Free.

Madison Rand, f. m. c., was stricken with paralysis on Tuesday, and on yesterday he died. We saw a woman on the streets asking the passersby for money to pay the expenses of burying the body. Madison Rand was master of a good trade, active and able, not only to gain a livelihood, but to have laid up money for himself, as he once did for his master. But freedom was too much for him. Liberty, Union and Equality made him idle and profligate: so after waiting, day by day, on the Convention, listening to the burning eloquence of Demosthenic Lobario, or looking at the bright and untarnished Escutcheon from New Hanover, Madison dies the leath of a pauper—lets go his hold on reconstruction, and has done with governmental affiars for ever more.

Accidental Shooting.

Yesterday in the forenoon while two little boys, the sons of Mrs. Wesley and Mrs. Robert Jones were hunting in the field of Mr. Selby, east of the city, the son of Mrs. Robert Jones while in the act of capping his gun accidentally discharged the piece at the son of Mrs. Wesley Jones, the load passing through his head, killing him instantly. Coroner Crawford summoned a jury of inquest, which returned a verdict in accordance with the above facts.

An Incident.

When the letter of our efficient State Treasurer, declining to pay the *per diein* and mileage of the delegates of the Convention, so-called, was read in that body, we are told that McDonald of Chatham, the intensity of whose anxiety had caused him to rise from his seat, sank slowly back therein, exclaiming in the language of the poet: Farewell! a long farewell to all my—ginger cakes. The woe and disappointment mingled in his tremulous tones brought tears to the eyes of the hardy pilgrim from Plymouth Rock.

Bellicose.

Louis Schwarz, from the land of Sweitzer, but at present residing near the city, was before His Honor, the Mayor, yesterday, to complain of Jack Emory, visions of whose angry countenance and threatening attitude, coupled with the length of Jack's knife, disturbed the slumbers of Louis to that extent that life became a burden, and it was determined, for the better protection of citizens of foreign birth, to bind Jack in a bond of two hundred dollars to keep the peace.

The bond was executed before His Honor.

The complainant retiring with a renewed sense of security, while the defendant went on his way chewing the bitter cud of reflection.

Very Quiet.

The Convention yesterday was very quiet and lignified in its deliberations, suggesting the comparison of a drunkard recovering from a debauche, and finding himself "straightened" in circumstances. A "strapped" Convention is a very dull affair.

We learn however that arrangements have been made for borrowing ten thousand dollars which amount will be had to-day.

Miss Holliday has opened a school for young ladies at Halifax.

The Roanoke News has been presented with a cane.

There is, as yet, no falling in the shipment of cotton through Weldon.

The mother of Rev. W. B. Wellons, of Suffolk, and of Rev. J. W. Wellons, of Franklinton, is dead.

Meetings are being held in almost every county in the State for the purpose of sending delegates to the Conservative Convention to be held in this city on the 5th of February.

Biggs, of the Southerner, is said to be on his way to look in on the Convention here. Not having arrived, we suspect he is delayed at the classic Oxford.

The Roanoke News says the condition of the negroes of that locality is truly alarming, many of them being threatened with immediate starvation. If the Convention does not speedily do something for them, we fear Liberty, Union and Equality will avail them very little.

The Petersburg Index mentions an instance where two letters, mailed at New Hope in this State, 31st March, 1865, and directed respectively to A. W. Shaver and F. M. Sharp, of the 49th N. C. Regiment, Petersburg, Va., have just come to hand at the Petersburg post office. Where the letters can have been no one can tell. Are the soldiers, Shaver and Sharp, still living.?

Craven county has appointed one hundred delegates to the Conservative Convention in Raleigh on the 5th of February.

Goldsboro has organized a Council of Friends of Temperance.

The Republican called the large and respectable county Conservative meeting on the 28th inst., a pow-wow.

We "jedge" it must have been a grand one.

Exchanges say eight dollars a day for field hands in Raleigh to make laws, are high wages.

COMMERCIAL.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

Northern Markets.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29th, noon.

Flour firm; wheat, quiet and firm; corn, one to two cents lower; rye, quiet; oats, half cent lower; mess pork, nominal $21¼; lard, firmer, at 13¼-½; cotton steady at 18¼@18½; freights, firm; turpentine, very firm. at 57½@58; rosin, firm; stocks, very active; gold 40¼; bonds, old, 11½; Virginia bonds, 40.

Foreign News.

LONDON, Jan. 29th. Noon.

Consols 93¼-½. Bonds 61½.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 29th. Noon.

Cotton firmer, sales 12,000 bales. Breadstuffs quiet. Pork dull; Lard firmer.

Markets.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.

Cotton firmer. Sales 4000 bales at 18¼. Flour firmer. Groceries quiet and steady. Spirits Turpentine 57a8.

Gold 48½. N. C. Sixes 57½.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 29.

Cotton buoyant, 18a18¼. Flour unchanged.—Provisions dull.

RALEIGH MARKET.

Reported by

Douglas Bell, Grocer & Com. Merchant,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

Bacon, Country	18@22½
" Baltimore	15@18
Beef on Hoof	8@10
" Nett	10@20
Butter	30@50
Cotton	12½@13
Corn	$1 35@1 40
Coffee	25@45
Eggs	20@25
Flour	12@16
Fodder	1 25@1 50
Guano	$105@$110 per ton
Herrings	$6@$9
Hides—Green	8c per lb
" Dry	12½@15
Hay	75@$1 00
Lard	16@20
Meal	1 35@1 50
Molasses	55@$1 00
Nails	7½@10
Potatoes—Irish	6 50@ 7 00
Peas	1 25@1 60
Rags	4½@5
Salt	3 00@4 25
Sugar	12½@19½
Tea	$2 00@$2 25
Tallow	10@12½
Vinegar	40@75
Whiskey	2 25@$5 00

MONEY MARKET.

Reported by

John G. Williams & Company, Bankers,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

Gold,	135
Silver,	130
Exchange on New York,	¼
Old Coupons,	40
North Carolina Railroad Coupons,	91
Old Sixes,	50

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES.

Bank of North Carolina,	62
" Cape Fear,	26½
" Charlotte,	26
" Lexington,	15
" Roxborough,	30
" Wadesborough,	26
" Thomasville,	50
" Wilmington,	23
" Commerce,	15
" Washington,	10
" Fayetteville,	10
" Clarendon,	4
" Yanceyville,	6
Miners' and Planters' Band,	35
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough,	28
Commercial Bank, Wilmington,	22
Merchants' Bank, Newbern,	55
Greensborough Mutual,	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	18
Georgia "	20

WILMINGTON.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS!

Great Reduction in Prices to Cash Buyers! The Largest and best assortment and stock in the State. Cotton and Naval Stores taken in Exchange for Goods GEO. Z. FRENCH,
10 South Front Street,
to Jan 29. Wilmington, N. C.

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.,

Commission Merchants, and Importers of Coffee, Sugar and Molasses, Wilmington, N. C.

Will give prompt personal attention to all business entrusted to their care, and make liberal cash advances on consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores and other country Produce for sale or shipment.

All Consignments covered by Insurance from date of shipment.

Agents for E. F. Coe's Super Phosphate of Lime.

Agents for Dupont's Powder.
to March 6.

HAAS & CO.,

Manufacturers of Men and Boy's Clothing, Front street, near Market, (Hedrick & Ryan's old Stand,) Wilmington, N. C.

Manufactory 839 Market St., Philadelphia.

Gents' Furnishing Goods, Trunks, Valises, &c. Clothing made to order. to July 27.

COX, PARMALEE & DIVINE,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Wilmington, N. C.

Office in Flanner's Building, North Water Street, near the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Depot.

R. M. COX.
CHAS. PARMALEE.
to April 9. JOHN F. DIVINE.

E. MURRAY & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Wilmington, N. C.

E. MURRAY, Wilmington. J. T. MURRAY, N. Y.
to jan 2.

NORFOLK.

TOBACCO! CIGARS!! PIPES!!!

WAREHOUSE OF

HAMBURGER BROTHERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF CIGARS.

Wholesale Dealers in all kinds of

CHEWING TOBACCO, SMOKING TOBACCO,

LORILLARD'S, MACABOY,

AND

SCOTCH SNUFFS

AT NEW YORK PRICES.

Importers of all kinds of

PIPES AND SMOKERS' ARTICLES.

Merchants will find it to their interest to examine our stock before purchasing.

We keep the LARGEST STOCK in our line South.

We offer to sell all Goods at the very lowest prices.

Satisfaction guaranteed, or no sale.

Our facilities in buying our Goods enable us to compete with any house in the United States.

For further information, call at

HAMBURGER BROTHERS,

UNDER MECHANIC'S HALL,

NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

January 30-4f.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOUNDED 1852. CHARTERED 1854

The Practical Business College for Young Men, Corner of Baltimore and Charles Streets, Baltimore, Md., the most extensive and the leading Business College of Baltimore.

Now is the time for Young Men to Prepare themselves for Business. Daily Lectures. All interested are respectfully invited to call at the College and examine our Superior Facilities.

For terms of Tuition and full particulars, write for our large Illustrated College Journal, which will be sent by return mail, free of charge, with samples of money, Commercial and Business Papers, and beautiful specimens of Spencerian Penmanship.

Address, E. K. LOSIER, Principal,
to May 1 Baltimore, Md.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS OF SPIRITS OF TURPENTINE.

The Seaboard Inland Air Line, Via Portsmouth, Va., is now prepared to ship Spirits Turpentine to Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, its steamers having bern arranged for that purpose.

This Air Line Route, from the fact of its avoiding transshipment from one Steamer to another, to which other lines are subject, and being the direct line between the Carolinas and the Northern Cities, with daily communication to Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, and to Boston a Steamer every five days, offers great facilities for shipping, and is in advance of all other routes from three to five days and at as low rates.

In shipping from the Northern Cities, or from Carolina, be careful to ship via Portsmouth, and by the Steamship Lines connecting with and forming part of this Route.

From Boston, Merchants and Miner's Line, E. Sampson, Agent, end Central Wharf.

From New York, Old Dominion Steamship Company, Pier 37, North river, M. L. McCready President, Office 187 Greenwich street.

From Philadelphia, Clyde Steamers, 14 South Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

Annamessic Line, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, J. L. Wilson, Agent.

From Baltimore, Bay Line Steamers, foot of Union Dock, R. L. Poor, Agent.

All claims for loss, damage, or overcharge, promptly settled by applying to

JAS. MCCARRICK, Trace Agent,
Seaboard Inland Air Line, Portsmouth, Va.

The Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad and Bay Line, having been consolidated under one Management from Weldon to Baltimore, offer greater facilities to shippers of freight to and from Baltimore than any other line, and guarantees safety of freight and prompt settlement of all claims.

E. G. GHIO,
Sup't Trans'n, S. & R. R.
W. C. SMITH, Supt' Bay Line Steamers.
to Mar 4

1852 AT THE OLD STAND. 1852

ESTABLISHED IN 1852.

WE have now on hand, and are constantly manufacturing some of the best Buggies, with and without tops; Rockaways, two and four seats; Wagons, spring and plantation, that were ever exhibited in North Carolina, and respectfully solicit a call from all who may design purchasing anything in our line, before they have made a selection.

We are constantly manufacturing of superior material, also, Harness, of every description required in this section of country, all of which will be sold at reasonable prices, and guaranteed to be as represented by the undersigned, at the old Established Shops, on Nash Street.

Thankful for past favors, we solicit a continuance from our old friends, and request a trial from those who have not proved us.

Prices reduced to suit the times. Orders solicited. Very respectfully,

PARKER, MURRAY & CO.
Wilson, N. C., June 19th, 1867, tf.

CHAS. E. ELLINGTON,

Upholsterer and Paper-Hanger, Manufacturer and Dealer in Paper-Hangings, Table and Floor Oil Cloths, Curtain Goods, Cornices, Shades, Mattresses, Tassels, Loops, Gimps, Bands, Pins, &c., No. 213½ Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.
to sept 14.

D. A. SMITH,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in and Manufacturer of Cabinet Furniture, Chairs, Mattresses, Wall Paper, Window Curtains, Shades, etc.—Knock-Down Furniture, for Country Trade, at the lowest prices. Doors, Sash and Blinds, in great variety, always on hand. Houses papered at the shortest notice. North Front Street, Wilmington, N. C. to mar 20.

BALTIMORE.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN HEALTH RESTORER!

THE BEST BLOOD PURIFIER IN THE WORLD!

DR. LAWRENCE'S

CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

for the cure of

SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,

such as

Consumption in its early stages, Enlargement and Ulceration of the Glands, Joints, Bones, Liver, Kidneys, &c.; Rheumatism, White Swelling, Mercurial Affections, Sore Eyes, Old Sores, Diseases Peculiar to Females, Eruptions of the Skin, General Bad Health, And all other Diseases caused

BY AN IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD.

☞ The following, *among many hundreds* of our best citizens, testify to its *wonderful efficacy*.

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and reliable Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. STITH, M. D.,
J. H. WINSTEAD, M. D.,
R. G. BARHAM, M. D.,
W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
E. BARNES, M. D.,
R. W. RING, M. D.,
S. WOODARD, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.
January 11th, 1868.

ROSADALIS WILL CURE THE WORST CASES OF SCROFULA. READ THE STATEMENT BELOW, AND DESPAIR NOT.

WILSON COUNTY, Sept. 10, 1867.

DR. J. J. LAWRENCE:

Dear Sir—My youngest daughter, aged five years, has been dreadfully afflicted with Scrofula nearly all her life. I tried a great many Physicians, but without relieving her much; in fact, most of them said there was no hope of cure.—During the last Spring she was worse than ever, her body and limbs being covered with sores and blotches—with face and eyes badly ulcerated and swollen. Whilst in this condition, I was advised by Dr. L. A. Stith to try your Rosadalis. I at once procured three bottles, and commenced giving it to her. *The effect was magical. In less than a month*, to my great astonishment, *she was entirely well.*

I am, sir,
Yours, with respect and gratitude,
W. W. BURNETT.

ROSADALIS CURES ALL SKIN DISEASES.

WILSON, N. C., Sept. 15, 1867.

DR. LAWRENCE—Dear Sir:—In 1862 my son, now aged five years, was vaccinated with what proved to be impure matter, which completely destroyed his health. He has been afflicted with an inveterate and extremely troublesome *Eruption of the Skin*, sometimes breaking out in sores, &c. Rosadalis was prescribed by my family physician—Dr. A. D. Moore. After taking it a few weeks, my son became and remains *entirely well.*

Yours truly,
J. B. DANIEL.

CHRONIC LIVER COMPLAINT CURED.

This is to certify that I was *cured of Chronic Liver Complaint* by Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis, after having been confined to my bed and house for a long time, and trying various medicines without benefit.

I know of several others in this County, *cured* through the use of the Rosadalis, and it can be found in nearly every house in my neighborhood, and they all praise it as a great medicine.

THOMAS THORN.
Greene county, August 14, 1867.

ROSADALIS IS A POTENT REMEDY IN ALL CHRONIC DISEASES.

From G. W. Blount, Esq., Attorney at Law, Wilson, N. C.

I have been cured of Chronic Inflamation of the ear and Partial Deafness, of ten years' standing, by ROSADALIS. GEO. W. BLOUNT.

ROSADALIS WILL CURE THE VERY WORST CASES OF CHRONIC RHEUMATISM.

I hereby certify that I was cured of long standing Chronic Rheumatism, by taking four bottles of Dr. Lawrence's ROSADALIS.

JAMES WILLS.
Wilson, N. C., May 6, 1867.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., CHEMIST,

BALTIMORE, MD.,

(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

PRICE, $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

☞ Sold Wholesale by all the principal Wholesale Druggists, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered.
Address DR. J. J. LAWRENCE,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer,
29 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.
For sale in Raleigh by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD and P. F. PESCUD.

CITY AND STATE DIRECTORY.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

JONATHAN WORTH, Governor, salary,	$4,000
Wm. H. Bagley, Private Secretary, (exclusive of fees),	1,000
R. W. Best, Secretary of State, (exclusive of fees),	1,200
K. P. Battle, Treasurer,	2,000
D. W. Bain, Chief Clerk to Treasurer,	1,500
S. W. Burgin, Comptroller,	1,500

GOVERNOR'S COUNCIL: Wm. A. Wright, of New Hanover, President; Wm. Eaton, jr., of Warren; Jesse G. Shepherd, of Cumberland; Giles Mebane, of Caswell; Thos. S. Ashe, of Anson; Dr. Henry Joyner, of Halifax; and E. A. Jones, of Caldwell.

W. C. Kerr, State Geologist,	$2,500
W. E. Pell, State Printer,	
H. D. Coley, State Librarian,	600
Dixon Cohn, Sup. Pub. Buildings,	500
John A. Gilmer, jr., Adjutant General,	200

SUPREME COURT.

The Supreme Court of North Carolina is held at Raleigh, semi-annually, on the second Monday in January and June.

OFFICERS.

R. M. Pearson, Chief Justice, salary,	$2,500
W. H. Battle, Associate Judge,	2,500
E. G. Reade, " "	2,500
Sion H. Rogers, Attorney General.	
S. F. Phillips, Reporter, (exclusive of fees),	600
E. B Freeman, Clerk,	500
James Litchford, Marshal.	

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT FOR NORTH CAROLINA.

Judge—Geo. W. Brooks, of Pasquotank; District Attorney—D. H. Starbuck, Salem, N. C.; Clerk—N. J. Riddick, Raleigh; Marshal—Daniel R Goodloe, Raleigh.

The United States District Courts are held as follows: Edenton, 2d Monday in April and October. Samuel T. Bond, Clerk. Newbern, 4th Monday in April and October. Chas. Hibbard, Clerk. Wilmington, 1st Monday after. Wm. Larkins, Clerk.

SUPERIOR COURTS.

The Superior Courts are held in eight circuits by the following officers:

Judges—David A. Barnes, of Northampton; E. J. Warren, of Beaufort; .....; Robert B. Gilliam, of Granville; Ralph P. Buxton, of Cumberland; Anderson Mitchell, of Iredell; William M. Shipp, of Henderson; Alex. Little, of Anson. Salary of each, $2,500.

Solicitors—Mills L. Eure, of Gates, first circuit; W. T. Faircloth, of Wayne, second circuit; Silon H. Rogers, of Wake, Attorney General, third circuit; Thomas Settle, of Rockingham, fourth circuit; Neil McKay, of Harnett, fifth circuit; W. P. Caldwell, of Iredell, sixth circuit; Wm. P. Bynum, of Lincoln, seventh circuit; David Coleman, of Buncombe, eighth circuit. Compensation of each Solicitor $20 for each court of one week, and $20 for each additional week.

COUNTY COURT.

Special Court: Wm. H. High, Chairman; Henderson A. Hodge, Reuben Fleming, Wm. H. Hood and Robert Wynn.

Sheriff: E. H. Ray; Deputy, C. L. Horton.
Clerk: J. J. Ferrell; Deputy, Junius Ferrell.
Attorney: Chas. M. Busbee.
Register: Geo. W. Taylor.
Trustee: Noel S. Harp.
Surveyor: Ferdd Beves.
Coroner: Wm. H. Crawford.
Masters of Weights and Measures: Lougee & Brother.
Finance Committee: M. B. Royster, N. J. Whitaker and Geo. W. Norwood; Clerk to Committee, George Whitaker.
Wardens of the Poor: W. R. Pool, Chairman; Jordan Womble, Sr., Treasurer; W. H. Hood, Allen Adams, I. H. Collins, C. J. Rogers and Ferdd Beves. Superintendant of the Poor: B. Perry. Clerk of the Wardens: R. P. Finch.
Juror: S. P. Gill.
Crier of the Court: F. G. King.
Terms of Holding the Court: Third Mondays in February, May, August and November.

UNITED STATES OFFICERS, RALEIGH.

Headquarters on Hillsborough Street.

Col. James V. Bomford, Commandant Post; Maj. Milton Cogswell, commanding Camp Sweet; Capt. J. J. Van Horn, commanding Camp Russell; Capt. W. S. Worth, commanding company B, Camp Sweet; Capt. Charles Snider, commanding company E, Camp Russell; Maj. D. T. Wells, Post Adjutant; Lt. G. V. S. Aiken, A. A. Q. M. and A. C. S.; Capt. H. E. Hazon, commanding company A, Camp Sweet; Lt. J. K. Wilson, company B, Camp Sweet; Lt. John O'Connell, commanding Mounted Detachment, Camp Sweet; Lt. W. A. McMinn, attached to company A, Camp Sweet; Lt. C. M. Bailey, company E, Camp Russell; Lt. Louis E. Granger, Regimental Adjutant, Headquarters Bureau; Lt. Charles E. Hargous, A. A. Q. M., Headquarters Bureau; Rev. Geo. W. Pepper, Chaplain, Headquarters Bureau.

Bureau Headquarters, the Tucker Mansion, South-side of Nash Square.

Gen. Nelson A. Miles, Assistant Commissioner Lt. Col. Jacob F. Churr, A. A. A. General, Lt Col. Thomas P. Johnson, Chief Q. M., and disbursing officer for North Carolina; Capt. W. F. Smith, Post Surgeon; Dr. H. C. Vogell, Agent Sub District; Rev. E. A. Fiske, Supt. of Education for N. C.; Dr. A. B. Chapin, Surgeon of Fair Ground Hospital.

UNITED STATES OFFICIALS.

U. S. Marshal: Daniel R. Goodloe, on Edenton street, at the office of the late Hon. George E. Badger.

Deputy Marshal: Maj J. H. Foote, same office as above.

Clerk of the Federal Court: N. J. Riddick.

Register in Bankruptcy and U. S. Commissioner: Jno. T. Deweese, at the "Standard" office, on Hargett Street.

Deputy Marshal: C. L. Harris, same office.

Assessors: Jno. R. Harrison and J. G. Bromell, corner of Hargett and Fayetteville Street up stairs.

Deputy Collector: W. B. Williams, same office.

CITY GOVERNMENT.

Mayor: W. D. Haywood.

COMMISSIONERS.

Western Ward: J. M. Betts, Parker Overby, J. D. Royster.
Middle Ward: R. H. Battle, B. F. Cheatham, and A. S. McKimmon.
Eastern Ward: D. L. Royster, J. J. Overby and J. A. Moore.
Clerk: J. J. Christophers.
Chief of Police: J. D. Thompson; Assistant, E. E. Harris.
Night Watch: Howell Moss, Captain; Wash Overby, Josiah Gilbert, Stanford Cooper, Tom Dancy, Marion Bryant and Calvin Luter.
Keeper of the City Pumps: J. B. Suggs.
City Collector: Jas. Litchford.
Weigh Master: Len. H. Adams.
Sexton: A. Holt.

NORTH CAROLINA RAIL ROAD.

Mail Train (going East) leaves Charlotte at 9:40 P. M. Arrives at Raleigh 9:50 A. M., and Goldsboro' at 12:45.

Freight Train (going East) leaves Charlotte at 4:11 A. M. Arrives at Raleigh at 12:00 M., and at Goldsboro' at 5:00 P. M.

Mail Train (going West) leaves Goldsboro' at 1:00 P. M. Arrives at Raleigh at 3:50 P. M., and at Charlotte at 2:54 A. M.

Freight Train (going West) leaves Goldsboro' at 6:00 A. M. Arrives at Raleigh at 9:30 P. M., and at Charlotte at 7:00 P. M.

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROAD.

Mail Train leaves Raleigh at 9:40 A. M. Arrives at Weldon at 3:10 P. M.

Freight Train leaves Raleigh at 8:00 A. M. Arrives at Weldon at 5:40 P. M.

Mail Train leaves Weldon at 10:35 A. M. Arrives at Raleigh at 3:45 A. M.

Freight Train leaves Weldon at 5:40 P. M. Arrives at Raleigh at 7:30 P. M.

MAILS.

Northern and Eastern mail arrives daily, Sundays excepted 4 P. M. And close 9:15 A. M.

Western arrives daily, Sunday excepted, 9:30 A. M. And close 3:15 P. M. Fayetteville do. Roxboro', arrives every Wednesday 11 A. M. And closes 1 P. M Leachburg do.

Office hours from 7 A. M., to 6 P. M.

BANKS.

Raleigh National Bank: W. B. Gulick, Cashier, Fayetteville Street.

John G. Williams, & Co., Bankers and Brokers, Fayetteville Street.

THE NIGGER CONVENTION OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Names of persons ordered by a Congress of the United States of America to make a Constitution for North Carolina:

Counties of Burke and McDowell—John S. Parks, W. A. B. Murphy.
Rutherford and Polk—W. H. Logan, Jesse Rhodes.
Yancey and Mitchell—Julius S. Garland.
Madison, Buncombe, Henderson and Transylvania—Geo. W. Gahagan, J. H. Duckworth, Thos. J. Candler.
Haywood and Jackson—W. B. G. Garrett.
Macon, Clay and Cherokee—Mark May, Geo. W. Dickey.
Alleghany, Ashe, Surry, Watauga and Yadkin—Samuel Forkner, Evan Benbow, Geo. W. Bradley, J. G. Marler.
Caldwell, Wilkes, Iredell and Alexander—C. J. Cowles, Calvin C. Jones, Wesley H. George, John Q. A. Bryan, Jerry Smith.
Davie and Rowan—Allen Rose, Dr. Milton Hobbs, J. S. McCubbins.
Cleveland—Plato Durham.
Catawba—James R. Ellis.
Lincoln—Joseph H. King.
Gaston—Milot J. Aydlott.
Mecklenburg—Edward Fullings, Silas W. Stillwell.
Union—Wm. Newsom.
Cabarrus—W. T. Blume.
Stanly—Levi C. Morton.
Anson—George Tucker, Henry Chillson.
Stokes—R. F. Petree.
Forsythe—E. B. Teague.
Davidson—Isaac Kinney, S. Mullican.
Randolph—T. L. L. Cox, R. F. Trogden.
Guilford—G. W. Welker, A. W. Tourgee.
Rockingham—H. Barnes, John French.
Caswell—Wilson Carey.* P. Hodnett.
Alamance—Henry M. Ray.
Person—Wm. Merritt.
Orange—E. M. Holt, J. W. Graham.
Chatham—J. A. McDonald, W. T. Gunter.
Wake—S. D. Franklin, J. P. Andrews, B. S. D. Williams, Jas. H. Harris.*
Granville—J. W. Ragland, J. J. Moore, C. Mayo.*
Warren—John Hyman.* John Read.
Franklin—John H. Williamson,* James T. Harris.
Cumberland—W. A. Mann, J. W. Hood,*
Harnett—J. M. Turner.
Moore—S. S. McDonald.
Montgomery—Geo. A. Graham.
Richmond—R. T. Long, Sr.
Wayne—H. L. Grant, J. Hollowell.
Johnston—Dr. James Hay, Nathan Gulley.
Greene—J. M. Patrick.
Wilson—W. Daniel.
Nash—Jacob Ing.
Halifax—Henry Eppes,* J. H. Renfrow, J. J Hays.*
Northampton—R. C. Parker, H. T. Grant.
Edgecombe—J. H. Baker, Henry A. Dowd, Henry C. Cherry.*
Lenoir—R. W. King.
Brunswick—Edwin Legg.
Columbus—Haynes Lennon.
Robeson—Joshua L. Nance, G. B. Hayes.
Bladen—A. W. Fisher, F. F. French.
New Hanover—Gen. J. C. Abbott, S. S. Ashley, A. H. Galloway,*
Duplin—J. W. Peterson, Saml. Highsmith.*
Sampson—Sylvester Carter, Alexander Williams.
Tyrrell and Washington—E. Jones.
Martin—Samuel W. Watts.
Bertie—P. D. Robbins,* Bryant Lee.*
Hertford—J. B. Hare.
Gates—Thomas I. Hoffler.
Chowan—John R. French.
Perquimans—Dr. Wm. Nicholson.
Pasquotank and Camden—C. C. Pool, M. Taylor.
Currituck—Thomas Sanderlin.
Craven—David Heaton, W. H. S. Sweet, C. D. Pierson.*
Onslow—Jasper Ethe idge.
Carteret—Abraham Congleton.
Jones—David D. Colgrove.
Beaufort—W. B. Rodman, Wm. Stilley.
Pitt—Byron Laflin, D. J. Rich.
Hyde—Andrew J. Glover.

Those designated by a star (*) are niggers.

EDUCATIONAL.

WILSON MALE ACADEMY,

WILSON, N. C.

The Spring Session will begin on the second Monday in January. Address
to G. W. ARRINGTON, Principal.

SELECT MALE SCHOOL,

WARREN COUNTY, N. C.

The Sixth Session of this School will commence January 16th, 1868, and continue twenty weeks.

TUITION.

Classics,	$25 00
Elementary Branches,	20 00
Board, (including everything except lights and towels,)	80 00

TERMS: One half in advance, the remainder at the close of the Session.

No deduction made except in cases of protracted sickness.

Pupils are requested to be present at the commencement of the Session.

Location healthy; neighborhood pleasant.

☞ Pupils will be met at Littleton Depot, if requested. Address,
JOHN GRAHAM, Principal;
Or, Rev. C. M. COOK,
to July 1. Warrenton, N. C.

WILSON FEMALE SEMINARY,

AT WILSON, N. C.

FACULTY:

Rev. William Hooper, Belles Lettres, Intellectual and Moral Philosophy. J. DeBerniere Hooper, Languages and English Criticism. Thos C. Hooper, Mathematics and Natural Science Richard Gorgedier, Music.

The Boarding Department will be conducted by one of the Principals.

For particular information, apply to
MESSRS. HOOPER, Principals.

The business concerns of the Seminary are in the hands of J. DEB. HOOPER,
to Proprietor.

BINGHAM SCHOOL,

MEBANESVILLE, N. C.

The Spring Term of the Session of 1868 begin March 4th.

Course of Instruction:—Classical, Mathematical and Commercial. Address
to March 1. Col. WM. BINGHAM.

GOLD

The North Carolinian.

Raleigh, Thursday, January 30, 1868.

There's no Such Word as "Fail."

Heed not this cold world's taunting jeer,
But in thy might arise;
It often proves misfortunes here
Are blessings in disguise.
If lukewarm friends should us disclaim,
Our lot we'll not bewail;
Nor will we own there's such a name,
Or such a word as fail.

I've seen the oak beneath the storm
Bow down upon the shore;
I've seen it raise its stately form,
And flourish as before.
If storms assail our earthly bark,
We'll brace the shatter'd sail,
Though friends be few and prospects dark—
There's no such word as fail.

I've seen the ship lie tempest-tossed
Upon the troubled main;
The vessel which all thought was lost
Is sailing free again.
When driven on before the blast,
And enemies assail,
We'll nail our motto to the mast,
"There's no such word as fail."

Full many a pilgrim by the way
A look hath homeward cast,
Sorrowing again hath turned away,
But reached the bourne at last.
When kindred, too, grow cold and shy
While list'ning to our tale,
We'll say, press on, the goal is nigh,
There's no such word as fail.

'Tis when the fuming masses meet
Th' assayer's furnace glows,
And higher as we raise the heat
A purer metal flows.
If Providence should thus award,
Our efforts to prevail,
Then will we shout with one accord,
There's no such word as fail.

Our God is just: revere His will,
Let faith our fears disarm;
His work in season He'll fulfill,
And shelter us from harm.
Then let us trust in Him whose voice
Is heard in every gale,
And even in our pray'rs rejoice
There's no such word as fail.

The Gorilla.

M. Du Chaillu, in his lecture before the Traveller's Club in New York Thursday night, described the gorilla as follows:

"He had made diagrams which represented some of the scenes through which he had passed and the rare specimens of animal life he had there encountered. He would first ask their attention to the diagrams representing the skeletons of a chimpanzee, of an ourang outang, of an Irish giant—(laughter)—and of a gorilla. Between the first two animals there was a gap, the connecting link of which was yet to be discovered in some other animal roaming yet undiscovered over unexplored tracks. Also, again, between the gorrilla and man there was another undiscovered link necessary to complete the ratio of structure between the dead denizen of the forest and man. The ourang-outang, though counted below the gorrilla, yet approached nearer to man than his elder brother, the gorrilla, in his habits; while again the chimpanzee, lower in the scale than either, had more "brains" than either. The chimpanzee had fourteen ribs, the gorrilla thirteen, man but twelve, though instances were known of men who had thirteen ribs, one more than the law allowed him, one having been deducted for good and sufficient reasons, which his audience would understand. (Laughter.) The skull of a gorrilla which he represented attracted much curiosity, the lecturer stating it belonged to a lad who, while he was in the flesh, numbered only fourteen brief summers—(laughter)—and who unhappily had not been invested with the toga *virilis* of gorrillaship. The skin of the gorrilla and the color of his hair seemed to take the complexion of the natives, "the shadowed livery of the burning sun."

Not Bad.—A Boston man tells the following newsboy story:

Coupon, the corpulent banker, was standing in State street one hot day in August, 'wiping the servile drops from off his brow,' when a ragged but sharp-eyed newsboy accosted him with:

'Please sir, tell me the time!'

Coupon lugged out his Fordsham, and looking benignantly down to his interlocuter, responded:

'Just two o'clock.'

'All right, old buffer,' said the gamin, gathering his legs together for a run. 'You can sell out for soap grease at three o'clock.'

The insulted man of money raised his cane, and, making a frantic rush at his tormentor, nearly fell over a friend that was coming up the street.

'Hallo, Coupon, what's the matter?' said the other.

'Matter!' said Coupon, puffing with heat and anger, 'why, one of those d—— newsboys asked me the time, and when I told him two o'clock, the impudent young scoundrel said I might sell out for soap grease at three.'

'Don't be in such a hurry,' was the malicious response; it's only five minutes past two; you've got fifty-five minutes to do it in.'

Clippings.

"An Eastern editor asks his subscribers to pay him up that he may play the same joke on his creditors."

James Gordon Bennett, say those who ought to know, has not written a line for the *Herald* for over five years.

"Are our girls fitted for wives?" queries a sober exchange. "Are they fitted for husbands?" retorts a young itemizer.

A dissipated young man, being told wine was a slow poison, replied that it was entirely too slow to overtake any one so fast as himself.

A twelve year old child named Ella Soule is traveling and lecturing on temperance in Ohio. She asserts with much gravity that she has been totally abstemious all her life.

The editor of a Kentucky paper ambitiously says: "If the two-legged bob tailed dog that shot our four-legged long-tailed dog on Tuesday night last, will call at this office, he can get his hide tanned."

A modern philosopher, having in mind the motion of the earth on its axis at seventeen miles a second, says that if you lift your hat in the street to bow to a friend, you go seventeen miles bare-headed.

The gold coinage of the United States, Great Britain and France, which in 1851 was not more than one thousand millions of dollars in amount doubled itself within the fifteen succeeding years.

There is a good deal of the brute in man. For example, he is generally dog-matic, often pusillanimous and sometimes easily cow-ed; occasionally cat-egorical, and is always ready to be made a "lion" of.

An old lady was telling her grandchildren about some trouble in Scotland, in the course of which the chief of her clan was beheaded. "It was nae great thing of a head, to be sure," said the good lady, "but it was a sad loss to him."

The increase of the Baptist denomination in this country, during the last 25 years, has been 69 per cent. in churches; 77 per cent. in ministers, and 98 per cent. in members. The number received by baptism during 1867 was 92,957; whole number of meeting-house, 11,955; of members, 1,094,806.

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The Spring Session will begin on the second Monday in January. Address
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Location healthy; neighborhood pleasant.

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Or, Rev. C. M. COOK,
to July 1. Warrenton, N. C.

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For particular information, apply to
MESSRS. HOOPER, Principals.

The business concerns of the Seminary are in the hands of J. DEB. HOOPER,
to Proprietor.

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MEBANESVILLE, N. C.

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Course of Instruction:—Classical, Mathematical and Commercial. Address
to March 1. Col. WM. BINGHAM.

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JOHN NICHOLS.
JOHN C. GORMAN. JOHN B. NEATHERY.

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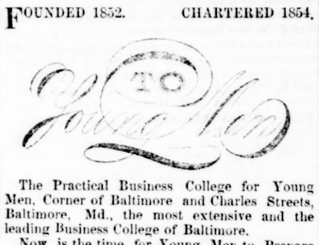

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CHAS. G. HALPINE, Editor-in-Chief.
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January 30tf

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W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
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R. W. RING, M. D.,
S. WOODARD, M. D.
January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.
T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.
January 11th, 1868.

ROSADALIS WILL CURE THE WORST CASES OF SCROFULA. READ THE STATEMENT BELOW, AND DESPAIR NOT.

WILSON COUNTY, Sept. 10, 1867.

DR. J. J. LAWRENCE:

Dear Sir—My youngest daughter, aged five years, has been dreadfully afflicted with Scrofula nearly all her life. I tried a great many Physicians, but without relieving her much; in fact, most of them said there was no hope of cure.—During the last Spring she was worse than ever, her body and limbs being covered with sores and blotches—with face and eyes badly ulcerated and swollen. Whilst in this condition, I was advised by Dr. L. A. Stith to try your Rosadalis. I at once procured three bottles, and commenced giving it to her. *The effect was magical. In less than a month*, to my great astonishment, *she was entirely well.*

I am, sir,
Yours, with respect and gratitude,
W. W. BURNETT.

ROSADALIS CURES ALL SKIN DISEASES.

WILSON, N. C., Sept. 15, 1867.

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Yours truly,
J. B. DANIEL.

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This is to certify that I was *cured of Chronic Liver Complaint* by Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis, after having been confined to my bed and house for a long time, and trying various medicines without benefit.

I know of several others in this County, *cured* through the use of the Rosadalis, and it can be found in nearly every house in my neighborhood, and they all praise it as a great medicine.
THOMAS THORN.
Greene county, August 14, 1867.

ROSADALIS IS A POTENT REMEDY IN ALL CHRONIC DISEASES.

From G. W. Blount, Esq., Attorney at Law, Wilson, N. C.

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I hereby certify that I was cured of long standing Chronic Rheumatism, by taking four bottles of Dr. Lawrence's ROSADALIS.
JAMES WILLS.
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☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

CHEAP PRINTING PAPER.

TO EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS.

LETTER FROM W. G. CLARK, ESQ.
President of the Southern Press Association

ATLANTA, GA., April 19, 1867.

J. S. THRASHER, ESQ.,—DEAR SIR: It affords me much pleasure to communicate to you the following resolution of the Southern Press Association:

Resolved, That as a testimonial of our appreciation for the zealous, faithful and effective service of John S. Thrasher, Esq., as Superintendent of this Association in years past, we hereby tender him the thanks of this Association, and confer upon him the complimentary position of Agent of the Southern Press Association in the City of New York.

The terms of commendation employed in the above resolution do no more than justice to your important services during your Superintendency—service which none had better opportunity to know, and none can more highly appreciate than myself. Should occasion require, I shall be glad to avail myself of the aid provided for by the resolution.

Very respectfully, your obedient serv't,
W. G. CLARK, President.

NOTICE.

I Would respectfully request every Daily Tri-Weekly, Semi-Weekly, Weekly and Monthly Journal, South of the Potomac and Ohio rivers, and the 36th deg. 30 min. parallel of latitude West of the Mississippi, to publish this advertisement twice, and send to me at New York, each time, a copy of the paper containing it, post paid, with bill for same.

It is desirable, in my combinations to procure cheaper printing paper for Southern journals, that I shall have the fullest information regarding the sizes of paper used by the several publications, and I can procure it in no other way than by requesting particular attention to the need of sending copy of the publication with the bill.

I desire it sent twice to provide against mail failures, and that they be post-paid to secure post office delivery. J. S. THRASHER,
19-2t Box 5,959 New York.

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